

Commercial Condensing Tankless Water Heater Installation Manual and Owner's Guide

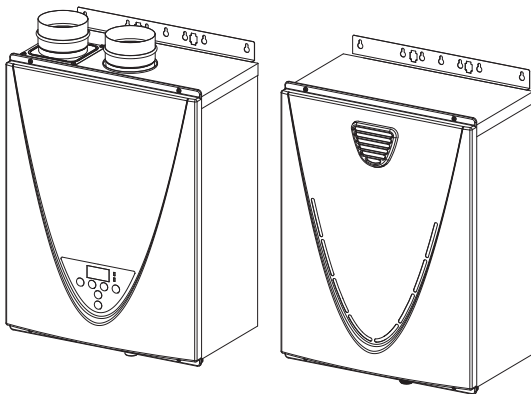


ANSI Z21.10.3 • CSA 4.3



Models

**CT-199 Indoor CT-199 Outdoor
(USA only)**



Gas Tankless Water Heater™

Suitable for combination potable water heating and space heating. Please refer to local codes for space-heating compliance.

FEATURING

- ENDLESS HOT WATER
- ON-DEMAND USAGE
- COMPACT, SPACE SAVING
- ENERGY CONSERVATION
- COMPUTERIZED SAFETY
- NO PILOT LIGHT
- Complies with SCAQMD Rule 1146.2 for natural gas Low NOx Emissions of 14 ng/J or 20 ppm.
- EASY-LINK SYSTEM
- MULTI-UNIT SYSTEM



WARNING

If the information in these instructions is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

If you have any questions, please
call or write to:

In the United States

500 Tennessee Waltz Parkway
Ashland City, TN 37015
Toll Free: 1-877-737-2840

In Canada

599 Hill Street West
Fergus, ON N1M 2X1
1-888-479-8324

Keep this manual near the water heater for future reference whenever maintenance, adjustment, or service is required.

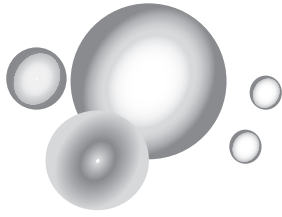
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Installation Manual

CONGRATULATIONS

Congratulations and thank you for choosing our tankless water heater. Before use, we recommend that you read through this installation manual carefully. Keep this manual for future reference.

If you need an additional manual, contact the manufacturer or your local distributor. You may also download a manual from our website. When you call, please tell us the product name and the serial number of your unit written on the rating plate of the water heater.

SPECIFICATIONS

Model			CT-199 Indoor (AT-H3C-DV)		CT-199 Outdoor (AT-H3C-OS)	
Natural Gas Input (Operating Range)		BTU/h	Min.: 15,000 Max.: 199,000			
Propane Input (Operating Range)		BTU/h	Min.: 13,000 Max.: 199,000			
Gas Connection			3/4" NPT			
Water Connections			3/4" NPT			
Water Pressure*		psi (MPa)	15 - 150 (0.1 - 1)			
Natural gas Inlet Pressure		" W.C. (kPa)	Min. 4.0 (1.00) Max. 10.5 (2.61)			
Propane Inlet Pressure		" W.C. (kPa)	Min. 8.0 (1.99) Max. 13.0 (3.23)			
Weight		lbs. (kg)	59 (26.8)		59 (26.9)	
Dimensions		inch	H 22.4 x W 17.7 x D 10.7 H 570 x W 450 x D 272			
		mm				
Ignition			Electric Ignition			
Electric	Supply		VAC/Hz		120/60	
	Consumption	Operation	W/A		89.0 / 0.74	
		Standby	W/A		4.2 / 0.04	
		Freeze-Protection	W/A		175 / 1.5	
Water heater category**			Category IV		N/A	

*40 psi or above is recommended for maximum flow.

****Water heater Category** — water heaters of other than direct vent type, for outdoor installation, are divided into four categories based on static pressure produced in the vent and flue loss.

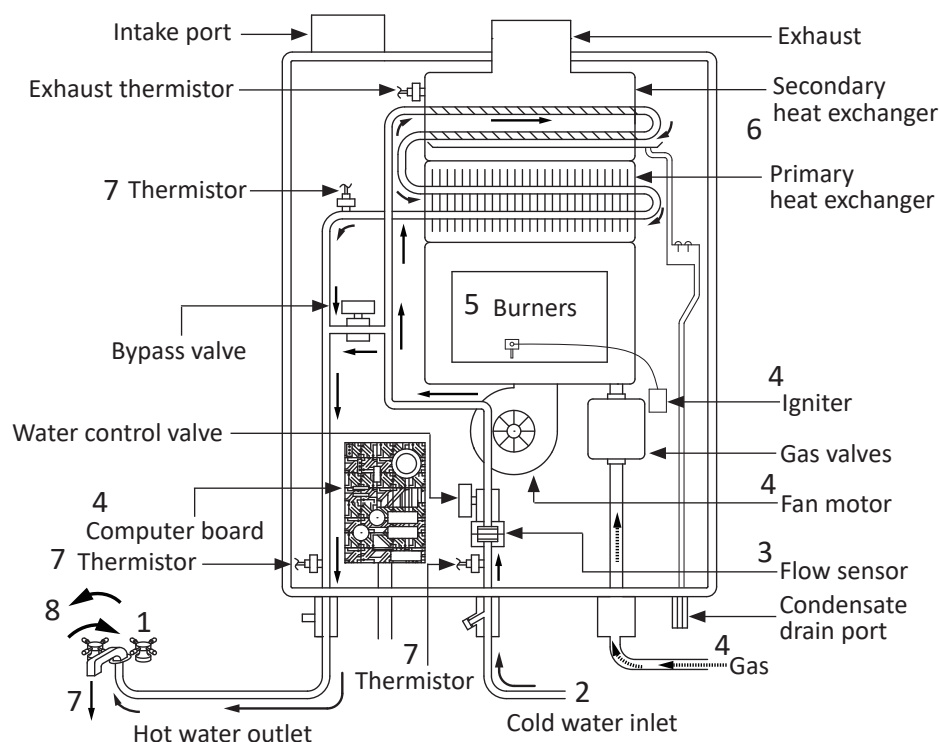
Category IV - a water heater that operates with a positive vent static pressure and with a vent gas temperature that may cause excessive condensate production in the vent.

NOTE:

- Check the rating plate to ensure that this product matches your specifications.
- **The manufacturer reserves the right to discontinue, or change at any time, specifications or designs without notice and without incurring obligation.**

INTRODUCTION

- This manual provides information necessary for the installation, operation, and maintenance of the water heater.
- The model description is listed on the rating plate which is attached to the side panel of the water heater.
- Please read all installation instructions completely before installing this product.
- If you have any problems or questions regarding this equipment, consult the manufacturer or its local representative.
- This equipment is an on-demand, tankless water heater designed to efficiently supply endless hot water for your needs when properly sized and installed.
- These **high efficiency models** have a built-in secondary heat exchanger that absorbs latent heat from the exhaust gas.
- The CT-199 Indoor model is only to be installed indoors. The CT-199 Outdoor model is only to be installed outdoors.
- The principle behind tankless water heaters is simple:



*This diagram illustrates tankless water heater design concepts only and does not accurately represent the water heater's physical description.

1. A hot water fixture is turned on.
2. Water flows through the heater.
3. The water flow sensor detects the water flow.
4. The computer initiates the fan motor and gas valve to let gas flow through the heater and sends a signal to the igniter to create an ignition spark.
5. The gas ignites and flames appear within the burner chamber.
6. Water is heated as it flows through the heat exchanger.
7. Using thermistors to measure temperatures throughout the water heater, the computer modulates the gas and water valves to ensure proper output water temperature and hot water outflows.
8. When the fixture is turned off, the unit shuts down.

SAFETY GUIDELINES

SAFETY DEFINITION



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



Indicates information considered important but not hazard related.

GENERAL

1. Follow all local codes, or in the absence of local codes, follow the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code: ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the USA or B149.1 Natural Gas, Propane Installation Code in Canada.
2. Properly ground the unit in accordance with all local codes or in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Codes: ANSI/NFPA 70 in the USA or CSA standard C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 in Canada.
3. Carefully plan where you intend to install the water heater. Please ensure:
 - Your water heater will have enough combustion air and proper ventilation.
 - Locate your heater where water leakage will not damage surrounding areas. (Please refer to p. 8.)
4. Check the rating plate for the correct **GAS TYPE, GAS PRESSURE, WATER PRESSURE and ELECTRIC RATING**.
*If this unit does not match your requirements, **do not install and consult with the manufacturer.**
5. If any problem should occur, turn off all hot water taps and turn off the gas. Then call a trained technician, the gas company, or the manufacturer.



- Water temperatures over 125 °F (52 °C) can cause severe burns instantly or death from scalding. The water temperature is set at 120 °F (50 °C) from the factory to minimize any scalding risk. Before bathing or showering always check the water temperature.
- Temperature limiting devices such as mixing valves must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures.
- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammables, vapors, or liquids in the vicinity of this appliance.
- Do not reverse the water and/or gas connections as this will damage the gas valves and can cause severe injury or death. Follow the diagram on page 31 when installing your water heater.
- Should overheating occur or the gas supply fails to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance.
- Do not use this appliance if any part has been in contact with or been immersed in water. Immediately call a qualified installer or service agency to replace a flooded water heater. Do not attempt to repair the unit. It must be replaced.
- Do not disconnect the electrical supply if the ambient temperature will drop below freezing unless the water has been drained from the water heater. The Freeze Protection System only works if the unit has electrical power. The warranty will not be covered if the heat exchanger is damaged due to freezing. Refer to the section on the Freeze Protection System on page 51 and Unit draining & power outage (Freeze protection) on page 53 for more information.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in severe personal injury or death.

INSTALLATION

GENERAL

1. Follow all local codes, or in the absence of local codes, follow the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code: ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the USA or B149.1 Natural Gas, Propane Installation Code in Canada.
2. All gas water heaters require careful and correct installation to ensure safe and efficient operation. This manual must be followed exactly. Read the "Safety Guidelines" Section.
3. The manifold gas pressure is preset at the factory. It is computer controlled and should not need adjustment.
4. Maintain proper space for servicing. Install the unit so that it can be connected or removed easily. Refer to the "Clearances" Section on page 9 for proper clearances.
5. The water heater must be installed in a location where the proper amount of combustion air will be available to it at all times without obstructions, or the indoor heater must be direct vented. See pages 13 to 26.
6. Install the water heater so it is level (left-to-right & front-to-back) and plumb (vertically).
7. Electrical service to the water heater requires a means of disconnection. This will allow power to the water heater to be shut off for servicing and safety purposes.
8. Do not install the unit where the exhaust vent is pointing into any opening in a building or where the noise may disturb your neighbors. Make sure the vent termination meets the required clearance from any doorway or opening to prevent exhaust from entering a building. (Refer to pages 8, 11, 14 and 15.) Check local code requirements prior to installation.
9. Carefully plan the installation location of the heater and vent terminations. Contaminants such as aerosols, lint, and fine powders (including flour) can clog the air intake and reduce the operation of the fan. This, in turn, can cause improper combustion and reduce the life of the water heater. Regularly ensure that the area around the water heater, vent termination, and air intake are free of dust, debris, and other contaminants. In environments with a high level of contaminants (laundry facilities, hair salons, pet salons, chemical plants, commercial kitchens, etc.), direct venting is required.
10. The Indoor models are to be installed indoors only. These units are equipped with a thermistor and hi-limit switch for the exhaust gas, detecting excess temperatures within the flue and enabling the unit to safely stop operations if needed. These components are always monitoring exhaust gas conditions in order to prevent heat damage to ABS, PVC, CPVC, or polypropylene (Plastic) venting if ABS, PVC, CPVC, or polypropylene is used. If the exhaust gas temperature exceeds 140 °F (60 °C), these components will enable the unit to safely stop operations. These components are not installed on the outdoor models since the exhaust vent is built-in.
 - If the water heater is used as a direct-vent appliance, the unit requires 3" or 4" combustion air supply pipe. The intake pipe must be sealed airtight. Refer to pages 13 to 26 for more detail.
 - Terminating the venting through a sidewall is recommended for the direct-vent system.
 - Running the exhaust vent and the intake pipe parallel is recommended.
 - Terminating the exhaust and intake on the same wall/surface is recommended. Terminating in the same pressure zone allows for pressure balancing, which prevents nuisance shutdowns.
 - Only install the water heater in a heated area where below freezing temperatures cannot occur. The warranty does not cover damage caused by freezing.
 - The water heater must be securely mounted to a wall or other suitable structure.
 - The venting system shall be installed in accordance with the water heater manufacturer's and venting system manufacturer's instructions.
11. The Outdoor models must only be installed outdoors and only in an area with mild, temperate climates. The Outdoor model shall be wall-mounted or mounted on a stand. Locate the Outdoor model in an open, unroofed area and maintain the following minimum clearances: There is a 3 in (76 mm) clearance from the left and right sides of the unit to combustible and non-combustible surfaces.



WARNING

- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer (for example, a licensed plumber or gas fitter). Otherwise, the warranty will be void.
- The installer (licensed professional) is responsible for the correct installation of the water heater and for compliance with all national, state/provincial, and local codes.
- The manufacturer does not recommend installing the water heater in a pit or location where gas and water can accumulate.
- Do not attach the gas line to the water heater until after the gas line system pressure test for leaks has been completed. See page 29 for additional information.
- Do not install or locate the vent terminal pointing toward any operating window, door, opening into a building or other area where people gather, where combustion gases could create a nuisance or hazard or cause property damage.
- Do not install the air intake next to any source of airborne debris, such as a clothes dryer, that can cause debris to be trapped inside the combustion chamber, unless the system is direct-vented.
- Do not install the unit where water, debris, or flammable vapors may get into the flue terminal or the air intake line.
- **The manufacturer does not recommend installing the water heater in an attic due to safety issues.** If you install the water heater in an attic:
 - Make sure the unit will have enough combustion air and proper ventilation. Failure to do so could lead to carbon monoxide poisoning or death.
 - Keep the area around the water heater clean. When dust collects on the flame sensor and pressure sensor, the water heater will shut down on an error code.
 - Place the unit where it will allow easy access for service and maintenance.
 - A drain pan, or other means of protection against water damage, is recommended to be installed under the water heater in case of leaks. See the NOTICE below.
- **The water heater must be securely mounted to a wall or other suitable structure so that it is level (left-to-right & front-to-back) and plumb (vertically).**
- **Failure to observe these warnings could result in severe personal injury, death, and/or property damage.**

NOTICE

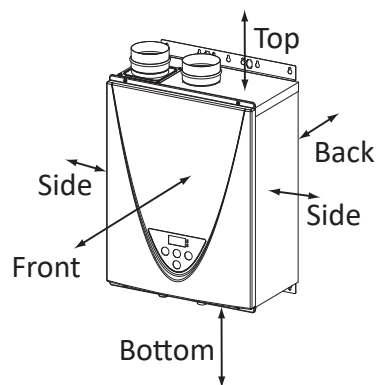
- **The warranty will not cover damage caused by water quality.**
 - Only potable water can be used with this water heater. Do not introduce pool or spa water, or any chemically treated water into the water heater.
 - Water hardness levels must not exceed 4 grains per gallon (70 ppm) for commercial applications. Water hardness leads to scale formation and may affect/damage the water heater. Hard water scaling must be avoided or controlled by proper water treatment.
 - Water pH levels must be between 6.5 and 8.5.
 - Well water must be treated.
- **The manufacturer recommends direct venting when the water heater is installed in beauty salons, dry cleaners or any other locations in which such chemicals are present in the air.** Some chemicals used in beauty salons or dry cleaners may affect the flame sensor. In such cases, the water heater may not work properly.
- Although the water heater is designed to operate with minimal sound, **the manufacturer does not recommend installing the unit on a wall adjacent to a bedroom, or a room that is intended for quiet study or meditation, etc.**
- Locate your water heater close to a drain where water leakage will not do damage to surrounding areas. As with any water heating appliance, the potential for leakage at some time in the life of the product does exist. A drain pan, or other means of protection against water damage, is recommended to be installed under the water heater in case of leaks. In addition, you may install an active water leak detector with a shutoff valve which can turn off the water supply in the event of a leak. The manufacturer is not responsible for damage due to water leaks. If you install a drain pan under the unit, ensure that it will not restrict the combustion air flow.

CLEARANCES



WARNING

Maintain all clearances around the water heater. Failure to do so could create a fire hazard, potentially leading to death, serious injury, and/or property damage.

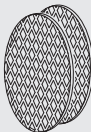
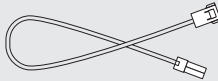


Model	Top	Bottom	Front	Back	Sides
CT-199 Indoor	12 in (305 mm)	12 in (305 mm)	4 in* (102 mm)	0.5 in (13 mm)	3 in (76 mm)
CT-199 Outdoor	36 in (914 mm)	12 in (305 mm)	24 in (610 mm)	0.5 in (13 mm)	3 in (76 mm)

*24 inches (610 mm) recommended for maintenance.

INCLUDED ACCESSORIES

Check that these items below are included with the water heater.

Installation manual and owner's guide	Temperature remote controller kit Outdoor models only (Refer to pp. 10 and 35.)	Bird screen Indoor models only	Communication cable
 Qty: 1	 Qty: 1	 Qty: 2	 Qty: 1
	100112572 (TM-RE40)	100282480	100076516

OPTIONAL ITEMS

#	Model	CT-199 Indoor	CT-199 Outdoor
1.	Temperature remote controller	✓	
2.	Pipe cover	✓	✓
3.	Neutralizer kit	✓	✓
4.	3" PVC concentric termination	✓	
5.	Recess box		✓
6.	Non-return valve	✓	
7.	4" PVC Adapter (for non-return valve)	✓	

**1. Temperature remote controller:
100112572 (TM-RE40)**

The temperature remote controllers have three functions. It allows the output temperature from the water heater to be adjusted and it also works as a diagnostic tool and it provides a concise error code whenever there is a problem with the unit. See the Troubleshooting Section (pp. 54 to 58) for information on possible error codes.



**2. Pipe cover:
100112718 (TH-PC03)**

The pipe cover protects the plumbing pipes to the water heater from unexpected adjustments. This pipe cover is fixed to the bottom of the water heater, which hides the plumbing and improves the visual aspects of the whole installation for the water heater.



3. Neutralizer kit: 100112159

The neutralizer assembly neutralizes the condensate (acidic water) that forms in the secondary heat exchanger of the water heater. It connects to the condensate drain port of the water heater by using connectors included with the neutralizer kit. (Refer to pp. 32 and 33.)



4. 3" PVC concentric termination: 100112163



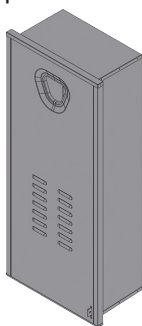
Used when terminating direct-vent (sealed combustion) systems, with Indoor models that require a 3 in intake and a 3 in exhaust.

This concentric termination provides the convenience of only having to make one penetration through a sidewall instead of two separate penetrations for the intake and exhaust piping. The termination includes a bird screen, restricting small animals, pests, and foreign objects from entering into the vent system.

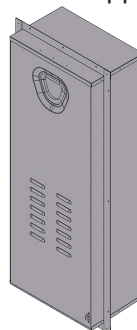
5. Recess box:

It allows for "clean" installations for Outdoor installation. The water heater fits inside the recess box, which hides and protects the whole water heater and plumbing. The recess box will fit between most wall studs.

For retrofit applications - no flange
100298009



For new construction applications - with flange
100306285



6. Non-return valve: 100113130

It is a must-have item for common venting system. It prevents the escape of combustion gas through non-operating appliances. (Refer to pp. 27 and 28.)



7. 4" PVC Adapter: 100113129

This adapter transitions from the Non-return valve outlet to 4" schedule 40 PVC pipe.



WARNING FOR INSTALLATIONS

FOR YOUR SAFETY, READ BEFORE INSTALLATION:

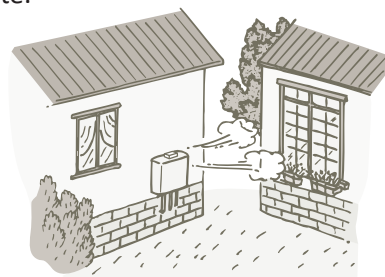
Do not install the heater where water, debris or flammable vapors may get into the flue terminal. This may cause damage to the heater and void the warranty.



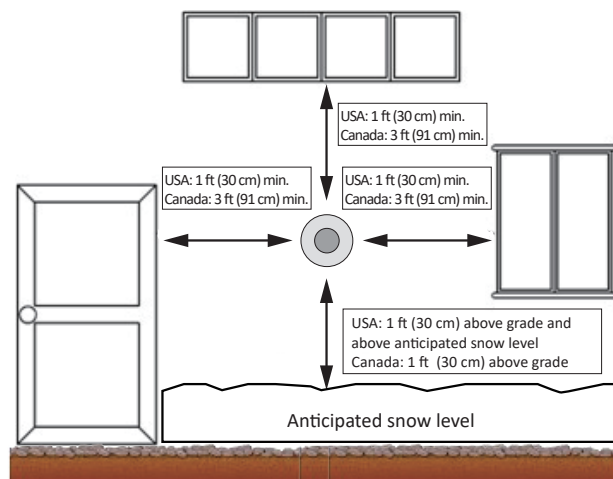
Prohibited



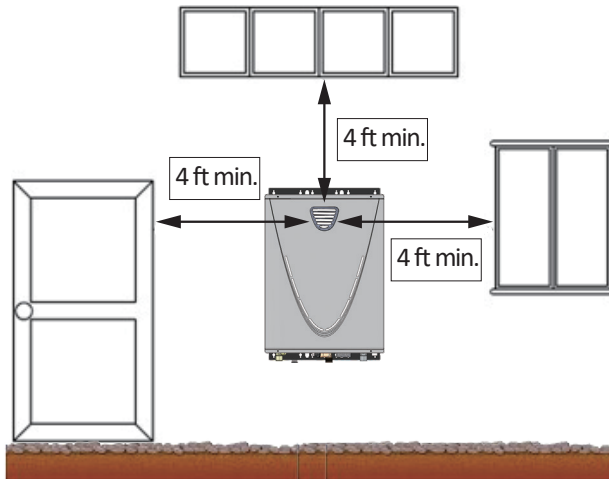
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Ensure that you meet the minimum clearances shown below for a direct vent termination:

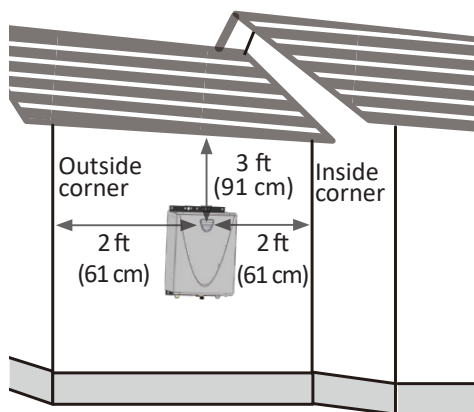


Ensure that you meet the minimum clearances shown below for Outdoor vent termination:

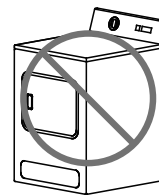


Locate the outdoor water heater so its vent terminal meets the following clearances. Locate the vent terminal of an indoor heater to meet the following clearances:

- 2 ft (61 cm) from an inside corner
- 2 ft (61 cm) from an outside corner
- 3 ft (91 cm) below a soffit/overhang



Do not install next to a dryer or any source of airborne debris that can be trapped inside the combustion chamber, unless the system is direct-vented.



HIGH-ALTITUDE INSTALLATIONS



WARNING

- Adjust the appropriate DIP switches according to model and elevation as shown below. **DO NOT** adjust the other DIP switches.
- Turn off the power supply to the water heater before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Failure to observe these warnings could lead to carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

Check the elevation where your water heater is installed. Set DIP switches shown in the table below depending on the altitude.

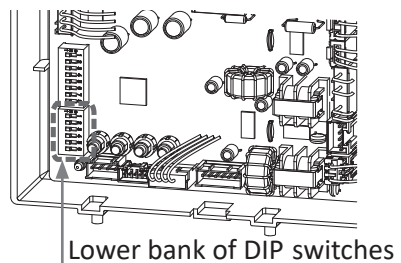
Indoor model

Altitude DIP switches	0 to 2,000 ft (0 to 610 m) (DEFAULT)	2,001 to 3,000 ft (611 to 914 m)	3,001 to 5,000 ft (915 to 1,524 m)	5,001 to 7,500 ft (1,525 to 2,286 m)	7,501 to 10,100 ft (2,287 to 3,078 m)
CT-199 (Lower bank of DIP switches)	ON OFF No. 2 : OFF No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : OFF	ON OFF No. 2 : OFF No. 3 : ON No. 4 : OFF	ON OFF No. 2 : OFF No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : ON	ON OFF No. 2 : OFF No. 3 : ON No. 4 : ON	ON OFF No. 2 : ON No. 3 : ON No. 4 : ON

Outdoor model

Altitude DIP switches	0 to 2,000 ft (0 to 610 m) (DEFAULT)	2,001 to 4,000 ft (611 to 1,219 m)	4,001 to 6,000 ft (1,220 to 1,829 m)
CT-199 (Lower bank of DIP switches)	ON OFF No. 2 : OFF No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : OFF	ON OFF No. 2 : OFF No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : ON	ON OFF No. 2 : ON No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : ON

NOTE: The dark squares indicate the correct DIP switch positions.



Installation altitude

The maximum certified or allowable installed altitude is 10,100 ft (3,078 m) for indoor model and 6,000 ft (1,829 m) for outdoor model.

VENTING INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING

- Improper venting of this appliance can result in excessive levels of carbon monoxide which can result in severe personal injury or death.
- Improper installation can cause nausea or asphyxiation, severe injury or death from carbon monoxide and flue gases poisoning. Improper installation will void product warranty.
- When installing the vent system, all applicable national and local codes must be followed. If you install thimbles, fire stops or other protective devices and they penetrate any combustible or noncombustible construction, be sure to follow all applicable national and local codes.

The Indoor model must be vented in accordance with "Venting of Equipment" in the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code: ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the United States and/or Section 8 of the B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code in Canada, as well as applicable local building codes.

The use of venting materials approved for Category III/IV appliances is recommended whenever possible. However, the Indoor model may also be vented with plastic pipe materials such as ABS, PVC (solid core), CPVC (solid core), or polypropylene. **For details, please refer to the Exhaust Vent (ABS, PVC, CPVC, or Polypropylene Vent) Section on page 21.** Vent installations in Canada which utilize plastic vent systems must use venting that complies with ULC S636.

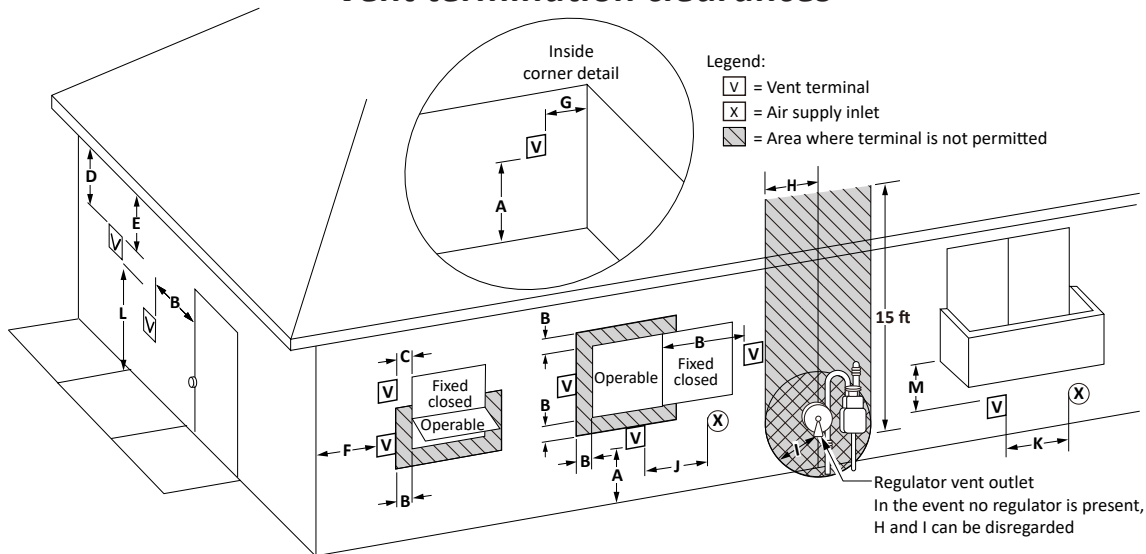
General rules for venting water heaters:

- Place the water heater as close as possible to the vent termination.
- The vent collar of the water heater must be fastened directly to an unobstructed vent pipe.
- Do not weld the vent pipe to the water heater's vent collar.
- Do not cut or alter the vent collar of the unit.
- The vent must be easily removable from the top of the water heater for normal service and inspection of the unit.
- The water heater vent must not be connected to any other gas appliance or vent stack except an approved common-venting system. Refer to pages 27 and 28.
- Avoid using an oversized vent pipe or using extremely long runs of the pipe unless it is part of an approved common vent system.
- Air supply pipe can be made of ABS, PVC (solid core), CPVC (solid core), polypropylene, corrugated stainless steel, or Category III/IV stainless steel. Regarding exhaust pipe, refer to pages 21 to 26.
- Use of cellular core PVC (ASTM F891), cellular core CPVC, or Radel® (polyphenylsulfone) in nonmetallic venting systems is prohibited. Covering non-metallic vent pipe and fittings with thermal insulation is prohibited.
- Sidewall venting is recommended for the Indoor model. Vertical venting (roof termination) is acceptable.
- Slope horizontal venting sections 1/4" upwards for every 12" (300 mm) toward the termination or according to local and state codes, or in the absence of local or state codes, the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (NFPA 54).
- The manufacturer recommends running the exhaust vent and the intake pipe as parallel as possible.
- For rooftop venting, a rain cap or other form of termination that prevents rain water from entering into the water heater must be installed.
- Do not terminate vent into a chimney. If the vent must go through the chimney, the vent must run all the way through the chimney with approved vent pipe.
- The water heater shall not be connected to a chimney flue serving a separate appliance, designed to burn solid fuel.
- When an existing Category I appliance is removed or replaced, the original venting system may no longer be sized to properly vent the attached water heater. An improperly sized venting system may cause formation of condensate, leakage, and spillage and so on.

General rules for venting water heaters:

- Avoid locating the water heater vent termination near **any air intake devices**. These fans can pick up the exhaust flue products from the water heater and return them to the building. This can create a health hazard.
- Locate the vent termination so that it cannot be blocked by any debris, at any time. Most codes require that the termination be at least 12 in (305 mm) above grade and anticipated snow level, but the installer may determine if it should be higher depending on the job site condition and applicable codes.
- A proper sidewall termination is recommended when the water heater is vented through a sidewall.
- Regarding the clearances from the exhaust termination to the air inlet or opening, refer to pages 11, 14 to 16.

-Vent termination clearances-



		Canada Installations ¹	US Installations ²	
		Direct vent and other than direct vent	Direct vent	Other than direct vent
A	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	1 ft (30 cm)	1 ft (30 cm)	
B	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	3 ft (91 cm)	1 ft (30 cm)	4 ft (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 ft (30 cm) above opening
C	Clearance to permanently closed window	0	0	0
D	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 ft (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	3 ft (91 cm)	3 ft (91 cm)	3 ft (91 cm)
E	Clearance to unventilated soffit	3 ft (91 cm)	3 ft (91 cm)	3 ft (91 cm)
F	Clearance to outside corner	2 ft (61 cm)	2 ft (61 cm)	2 ft (61 cm)
G	Clearance to inside corner	2 ft (61 cm)	2 ft (61 cm)	2 ft (61 cm)
H	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	3 ft (91 cm) within a height of 15ft(4.6m)	*	*
I	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3 ft (91 cm)	*	*
J	Clearance to non-mechanical air supply inlet to a building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance.	3 ft (91 cm)	1 ft (30 cm)	4 ft (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 ft (30 cm) above opening
K	Clearance to mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (183 cm)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) horizontally.	
L	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (213 cm)**	7 ft (213 cm)	7 ft (213 cm)
M	Clearance under veranda, porch deck, or balcony	1 ft (30 cm)***	1 ft (30 cm)***	1 ft (30 cm)***

*Clearance in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier.

**A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.

***Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.

The vent for condensing water heaters shall not terminate:

- over public walkways; or
- near soffit vents or crawl space vents or other areas where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or cause property damage; or
- where condensate vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.

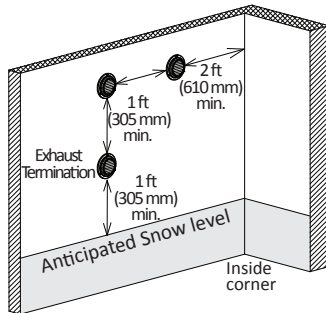
Notes:

- 1) In accordance with the current CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code
- 2) In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code
- 3) If locally adopted installation codes specify clearances different than those illustrated, then the most stringent clearance shall prevail.
- 4) Blocking air supply and exhaust vent by snow may cause incomplete combustion and an appliance failure. Install the termination by providing sufficient clearance from anticipated snow line in accordance with local code or manufacture's instructions and make sure there is no blockage.
- 5) Provide an appropriate clearance between a vent termination and a building to prevent degradation to building materials caused by flue gases.
- 6) Water heaters installed outdoors follow the Other Than Direct Vent clearances.

-Clearances for sidewall terminations-

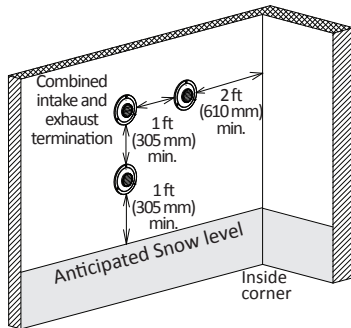
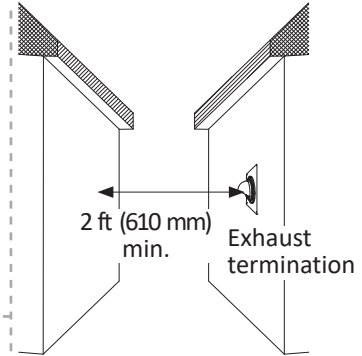


Improper installation can result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death. Follow all local and national codes in regards to proper termination clearances. In the absence of such codes, the clearances below can be used as guidelines. Local codes supersede these guidelines.



Multiple Sidewall Terminations

An exhaust termination must be at least 1 ft (305 mm) away from another exhaust termination. An exhaust termination must also be at least 2 ft (610 mm) away from an inside corner. (If the adjacent wall is less than 2 ft (610 mm) of length, the minimum required distance away from the inside corner will be equal to the length of that adjacent wall.)



Multiple DV Sidewall Terminations

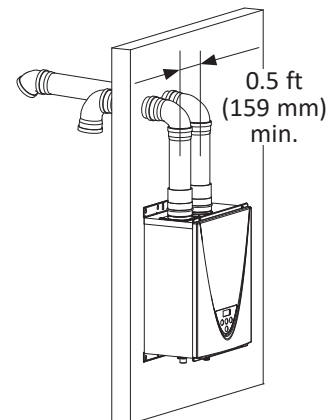
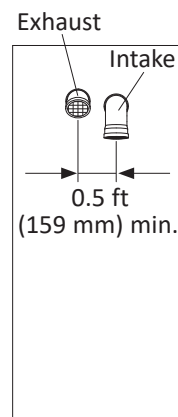
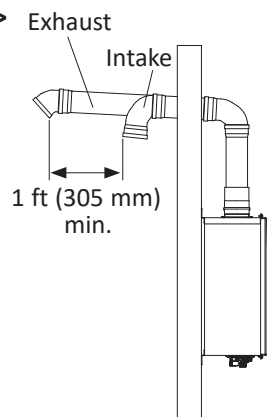
A direct vent (DV) termination must be at least 1 ft (305 mm) away from other direct vent terminations.

A direct vent termination must also be at least 2 ft (610 mm) away from an inside corner. (If the adjacent wall is less than 2 ft (610 mm) of length, the minimum required distance away from the inside corner will be equal to the length of that adjacent wall.)

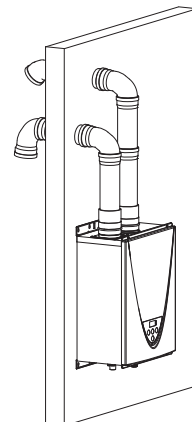
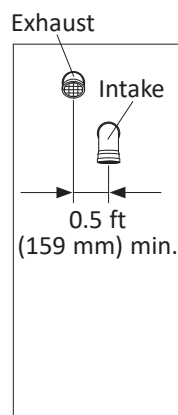
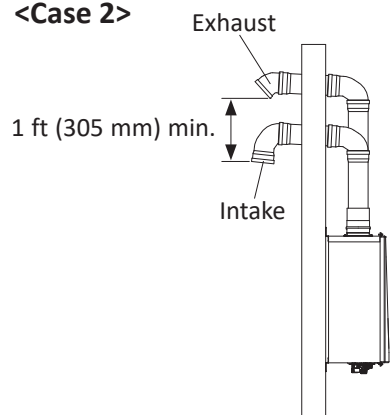
Exhaust and/or direct vent sidewall terminations should be at least 2 ft (610 mm) away from an opposite surface/wall. Do not place the termination directly in front of an opening into a building.

<Case 1>

For direct vent sidewall terminations that use two separate penetrations for the intake and exhaust, keep the termination clearances shown in the diagrams on the right.



<Case 2>



-Clearances for rooftop terminations-

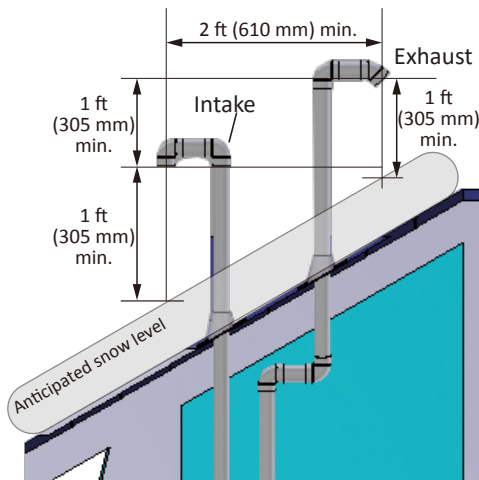


WARNING Follow all local and national codes in regards to proper termination clearances. In the absence of such codes, the clearances below must be met. Local codes supersede these clearances. Failure to observe this warning may result in severe personal injury or death.

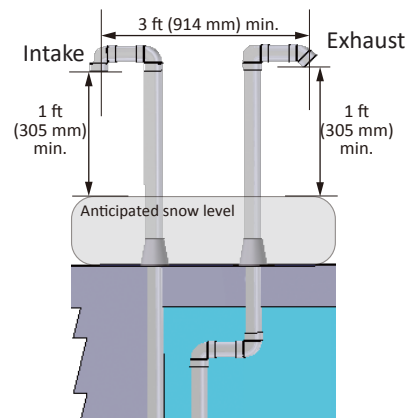
NOTICE

Canadian requirements differ from the guidelines in this section. In Canada, follow the requirements of B149.1 (Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, current edition) as well as local and provincial codes. Contact your local code enforcement agency for direction.

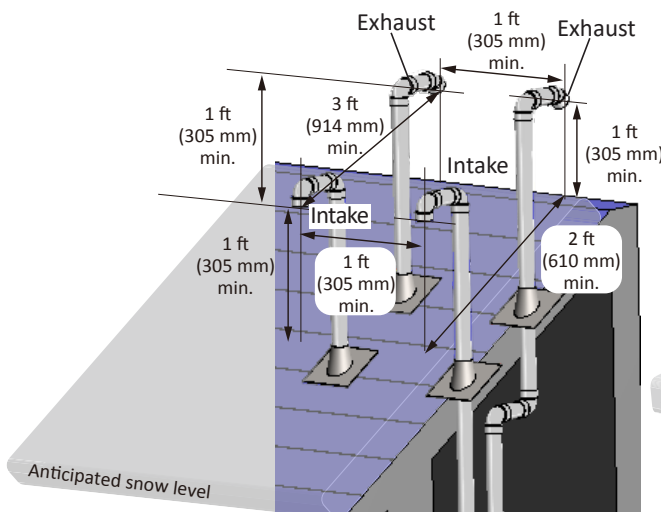
Angled roof termination



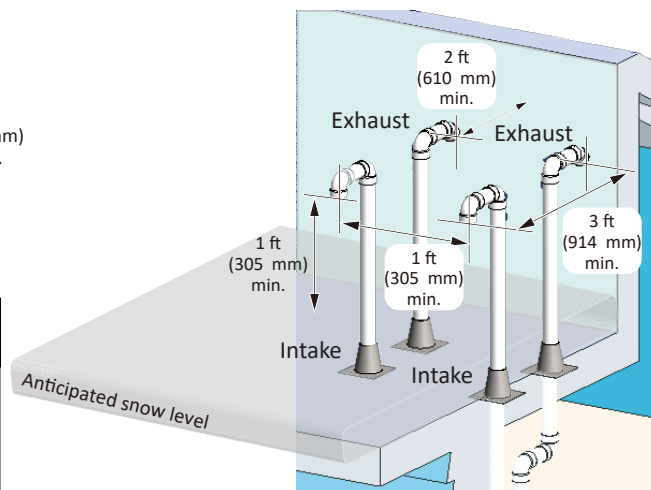
Flat roof termination



Multiple angled roof terminations



Multiple flat roof terminations



- Exhaust terminations must be at least 1 ft (305 mm) away from any obstructions.
- Minimum spacing between multiple terminals:
 - intake terminals: 1 ft (305 mm) spacing between each
 - exhaust terminals: 1 ft (305 mm) spacing between each
- The exhaust termination must be a horizontal distance of at least 2 ft (610 mm) from a wall or surface unless specified differently by local code.
- Failure to observe this warning may result in severe personal injury or death.

-Combustion air supply-



WARNING

This gas water heater requires an adequate source of clean air for combustion and ventilation. Without sufficient air, your water heater may not operate properly and may emit excessive and abnormal amounts of carbon monoxide which may result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

NOTICE

- **The guidelines in this section apply to installations within the United States. All U.S. installations must conform to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 (current edition) and local codes.**
- **Canadian requirements differ from the guidelines in this section. In Canada, follow the requirements of B149.1 (Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, current edition) as well as local and provincial codes. Contact your local code enforcement agency for direction.**

Before installing the water heater, you must determine the amount of air needed to supply this water heater and any other gas appliances in the same area and provide adequate air for combustion and ventilation. Consult a qualified person if you're unsure of the proper way to supply air to your water heater.

Check for Chemicals:

Air for combustion and ventilation must be clean and free of corrosive chemicals. If corrosive chemicals, such as sulfur, fluorine, or chlorine are present, the water heater must be direct vented. Failure due to these corrosive chemicals is not covered by the warranty.

WARNING!

In all cases, ensure that corrosive chemicals are not present at the air intake. Presence of such chemicals at the air intake could result in death, personal injury, or property damage. Examples of locations that require outside air due to chemicals include:

- Beauty salons
- Photo processing labs
- Indoor pools
- Laundry, hobby, or craft rooms
- Chemical storage areas
- Restaurants

Products such as aerosol sprays, detergents, bleaches, cleaning solvents, gasoline, air fresheners, paint and varnish removers, and refrigerants should not be stored or used near the water heater.

Does your installation space have sufficient combustion air?

Ventilation with outside air is recommended for all installations. Even if the water heater is installed in a large, open room inside the house, outdoor air is usually needed because modern homes are very tightly sealed and often do not supply enough air to the water heater. However, when installed in a large indoor space, it may be possible to provide enough air without outside ventilation. If you are unsure if your installation location has enough ventilation, contact your local gas utility company or code officials for a safety inspection or direct vent the water heater.

The following instructions will help determine if it may be possible to install the water heater without outside ventilation.

Calculate total BTU/h rating of all appliances.

To calculate the combustion air and ventilation required, add up the total BTU/h ratings of all gas burning appliances (e.g., water heaters, furnaces, clothes dryers) in the same area. Do not include appliances that are direct vented. Refer to the following example.

Your water heater's BTU/h rating is on the rating plate. The BTU/h ratings should be on the other appliances' rating plates. If you have trouble determining the BTU/h ratings, contact the manufacturer or have a qualified person determine the ventilation requirements.

NOTICE: If you are replacing your old water heater with one that has a higher BTU/h rating, the amount of ventilation required may be greater.

Example:

Gas Burning Appliance	BTU/h Rating
Gas Water Heater	199,000
Furnace	75,000
Dryer	20,000
Total	294,000

Your appliances:

Gas Burning Appliance	BTU/h Rating
Gas Water Heater	
Total	

Calculate the air volume of the room

Air requirements depend on the size of the room.

Room Volume (ft³) = Floor Area (ft²) X Ceiling Height (ft)

If there are large objects in the room (e.g., refrigerator, furnace, car), subtract their volume from the volume of the room to get a better estimate of the air available.

Air Volume = Room Volume - Object Volume

NOTE: Adjoining rooms with permanently opened doorways can be counted as part of the calculation.

Calculate required air volume

A water heater installed in an unconfined attic, garage, or space requires that the space be at least 50 ft³ (1.42 m³) per 1,000 BTU/h of the total input for all gas burning appliances in the same area.

Required Air Volume (ft³) = Total Appliance Energy Rating (btu/h) X 50 ft³ / 1000 (btu/h)

Example:

(294,000 / 1000) x 50 = 14,700 ft³

If the air volume of the room is less than the required air volume, you must direct vent the water heater or provide permanent outside air openings that draw in sufficient air. Go to "Install with outside ventilation" if you want to provide combustion air with outside ventilation.

If the air volume of the room is greater than the required air volume, it may be possible to install the water heater without outside ventilation. However, be sure to consider the effects of exhaust fans. Exhaust fans can affect the amount of combustion air that is available in your home. Appliances such as furnaces, whole house fans, and clothes dryers draw air out of your home. If they draw air out faster than it can be replaced, your water heater may not have enough oxygen to fire properly. Back-drafting may also result, which is when negative air pressure pulls air backwards through chimneys or appliance vents. These events can cause unsatisfactory water heater performance. The best solution is to direct vent the water heater or install an adequate number of make-up air vents. (See "Install with outside ventilation".) For more information, consult a qualified technician or your local gas utility.

Install with outside ventilation

Ventilation with outside air is recommended, and, for most installations, is needed. There may be existing ventilation that is adequate, or you may need to add more ventilation.

Supplying outside air to the water heater typically requires two openings. One opening must be within 12 in (305 mm) from the floor and the second opening must be within 12 in (305 mm) from the ceiling. Although a single opening is not preferred, you may use a single opening to outside air if the minimum free area is sized according to **Table 1**. Two openings must be used when ventilating with air from another room.

The outside air can be taken from a crawl space or attic open to the outdoors and adequately ventilated. You may use vertical or horizontal ducts.

Determine type of ventilation

There are several types of ventilation that can be used. The various options are listed below. See also the illustrations on the next page.

1. Direct to outdoors
2. Vertical ducts
3. Horizontal ducts
4. Single opening (not recommended; must be at least 100 in² (645 cm²) . Not appropriate for confined spaces smaller than 50 ft³ (1.42 m³) per 1,000 BTU/h or when getting air from another room.)
5. From a larger room inside the house (not recommended – refer to "Calculate the air volume of the room" above to determine if the combined volume of the rooms may be adequate).

Determine minimum free area required for each vent opening

The size of the vent openings depends on the total BTU/h rating of all appliances in the space (use your calculation from "Before beginning") and the type of vent used. **Table 1** provides the minimum free area for each vent opening depending on the type of ventilation.

Calculate minimum size of vent openings and ducts

The vent cross-sectional area needed to provide the free area depends on the covering on the vent openings. Typical vents use louvers or grilles to protect the opening. The louver or grill itself blocks some of the free area, so the opening may need to be larger to meet the minimum free area requirements.

Use the following formula to calculate the required cross-sectional area:

Cross-sectional area = minimum free area required ÷ percent free area of covering (in decimals – e.g., 60 % = 0.6)

For example, an installation area that requires openings with 100 in² (645 cm²) of free area would need 134 in² (865 cm²) openings if using metal louvers rated at 75% free area (100 in² ÷ 0.75 = 134 in²).

If you do not know the % free area for your louver or grill, use the following values:

- For wood louvers or grilles: 25%
- For metal louvers or grilles: 75%

Follow these rules to ensure that vents and ducts provide adequate air flow:

- Each vent opening must be no smaller than 100 in² (645 cm²).
- Ducts must have the same cross-sectional area as free area of the opening.
- Rectangular ducts must have a minimum dimension of no less than 3 in (76 mm).
- All screens must have mesh ¼" or larger.
- Moveable louvers must be locked open or interconnected with the equipment so that they open automatically during operation.
- Keep louvers and grills clean and free of debris or other obstructions.

Check that air source is clean and free of chemicals

Air for combustion and ventilation must be clean and free of corrosive or flammable chemicals. A failure due to corrosive chemicals in the air is not covered by the warranty. Combustion air must be free of acid-forming chemicals such as sulfur, fluorine, and chlorine. Be sure that air at the vent inlets is free of such chemicals.

Table 1 Minimum Free Area of Permanent Openings for Ventilation and Combustion Air Supply – Air from outdoor or indoor spaces. Based on the total BTU/h input rating for all gas burning appliances within a confined space.	
Opening Source	Minimum Free Area
Direct to outdoors*	1 in ² (6.5 cm ²) per 4,000 BTU/hr (see Figure 1, 2)
Vertical ducts	1 in ² (6.5 cm ²) per 4,000 BTU/hr (see Figure 3)
Horizontal ducts	1 in ² (6.5 cm ²) per 2,000 BTU/hr (see Figure 4)
Single Opening	1 in ² (6.5 cm ²) per 3,000 BTU/hr (see Figure 5)
Two permanent openings to another room**	1 in ² (6.5 cm ²) per 1,000 Btu/hr (see Figure 6) Opening: 100 in ² (645 cm ²) Min Minimum dimension of air openings: no less than 3 in (76 mm)
*These openings connect directly with the outdoors through a ventilated attic, a ventilated crawl space, or through an outside wall.	
**United States: For direction on combining spaces in different stories within the structure, refer to the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54. In Canada, contact your local code enforcement agency for direction.	

See graphics on next page.

Combustion air supply options

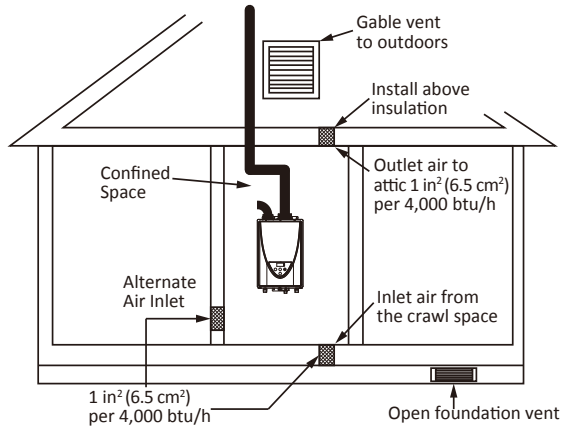


Figure 1 - Direct to outdoors openings

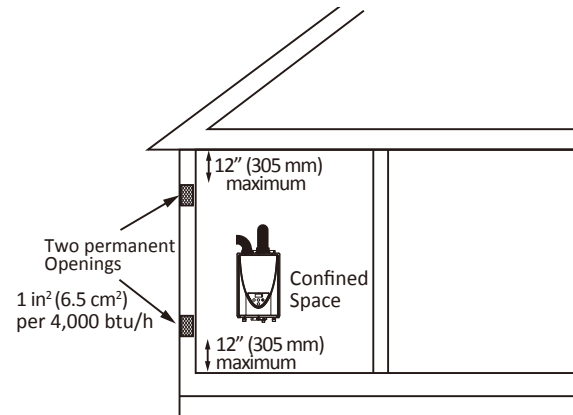


Figure 2 - Direct to outdoors openings
Two permanent openings

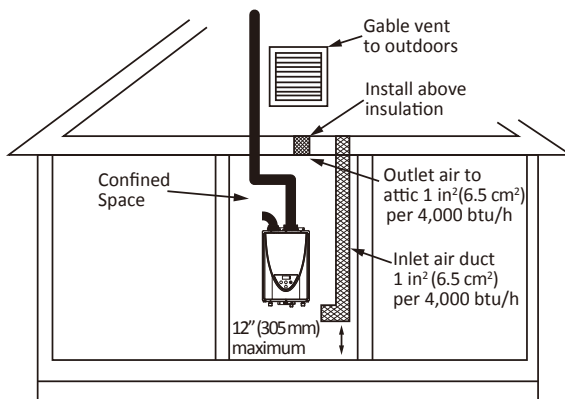


Figure 3 - Vertical duct openings

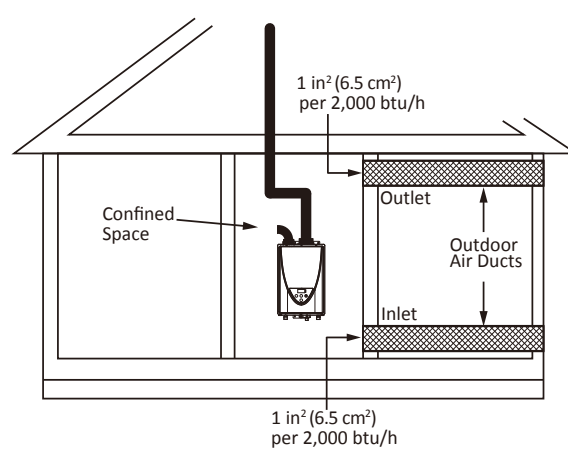


Figure 4 - Horizontal duct openings

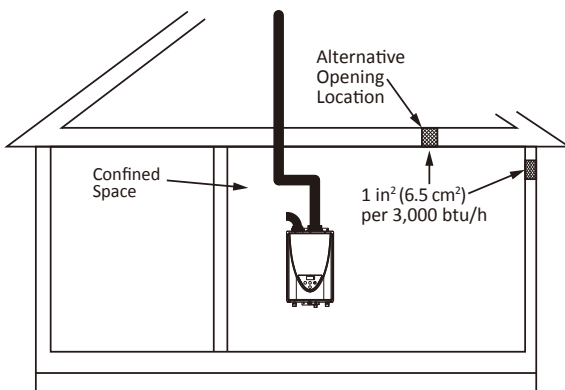


Figure 5 - Single opening

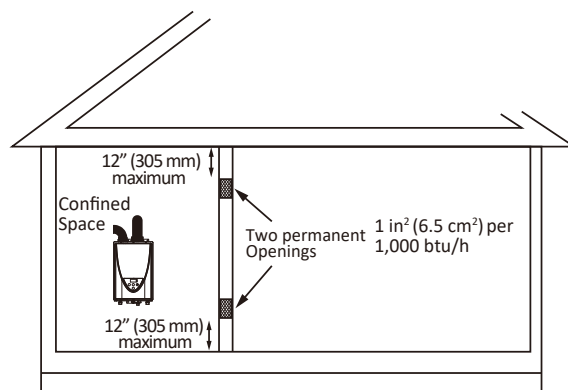


Figure 6 - Two permanent openings

-Exhaust vent (ABS, PVC, CPVC, or polypropylene vent)-

The Indoor models can be vented with ABS, PVC, CPVC, or polypropylene (temperature rated up to 149 °F). Vent material certified to ULC S636 standards is recommended in the USA. In Canada, plastic venting must be certified to ULC S636 standards.

Item	Material	United States	Canada
Exhaust pipe and Fittings	Schedule 40 PVC	ANSI/ASTM D1785	ULC S636 Certified Materials Only
	PVC-DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2665	
	Schedule 40 CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F441	
	Schedule 40 ABS-DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2661	
	Polypropylene	UL-1738	
Pipe Cement/Primer	PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2564	
	CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F493	
	ABS	ANSI/ASTM D2235	
Use of cellular core PVC (ASTM F891), cellular core CPVC, or Radel® (polyphenylsulfone) in non-metallic venting systems is prohibited.			
Covering non-metallic vent pipe and fittings with thermal insulation is prohibited.			

- The maximum length of exhaust vent piping must not exceed 70 ft (21.3 m) for 3" venting, which depends on the elevation where the water heater is installed, and 100 ft (30.5 m) for 4" venting (deducting 5 ft (1.5 m) for each elbow used in the venting system). Do not use more than 5 elbows. See the table below.
- When the horizontal vent run exceeds 5 ft (1.5 m), support the vent run at 3 ft (0.9 m) intervals with overhead hangers.

Diameter	Max. No. of Elbows	Max. Vertical and Horizontal (Total) Vent Length*
3 in	5	70 ft (21.3 m)
4 in	5	100 ft (30.5 m)

***For each elbow added, deduct 5 ft. (1.5 m) from max. vent length.**

No. of Elbows	Max. Vertical or Horizontal (Total) Vent Length*			
	3" venting			4" venting
	0 to 3,000 ft (0 to 914 m)	3,001 to 6,000 ft (915 to 1,829 m)	6,001 to 10,100 ft (1,830 to 3,078 m)	0 to 10,100 ft (0 to 3,078 m)
0	70 ft (21.3 m)	40 ft (12.2 m)	25 ft (7.6 m)	100 ft (30.5 m)
1	65 ft (19.8 m)	35 ft (10.7 m)	20 ft (6.1 m)	95 ft (29.0 m)
2	60 ft (18.3 m)	30 ft (9.1 m)	15 ft (4.6 m)	90 ft (27.4 m)
3	55 ft (16.8 m)	25 ft (7.6 m)	10 ft (3.0 m)	85 ft (25.9 m)
4	50 ft (15.2 m)	20 ft (6.1 m)	N/A	80 ft (24.4 m)
5	45 ft (13.7 m)	N/A	N/A	75 ft (22.9 m)

Excludes vent terminators, one termination elbow, or rain caps.

For details on the vent connection, refer to pages 22 to 24.

***For each elbow added, deduct 5 ft (1.5 m) from max. vent length.**

-DIP switch settings for vent length-

Typical installations using PVC, CPVC, ABS, or polypropylene vent

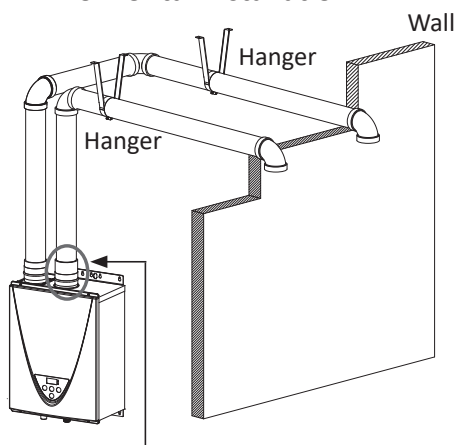


WARNING

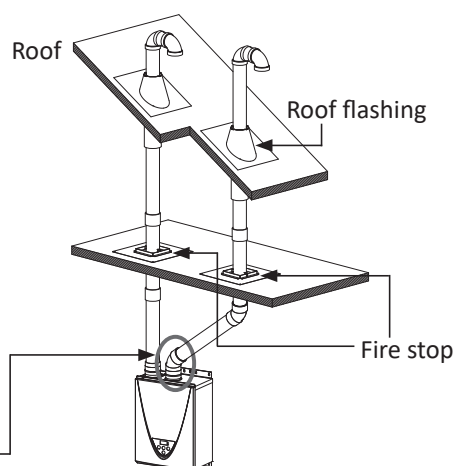
- Adjust the appropriate DIP switches according to model and vent length as shown in the following. **DO NOT** adjust the other DIP switches.
- Turn off the power supply to the water heater before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Failure to observe these warnings could lead to carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

<Two-pipe, direct-vent installation>

Horizontal Installation

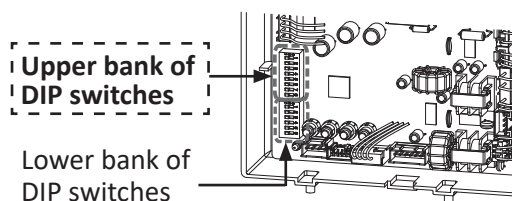


Vertical Installation



Connect between exhaust vent collar and piping.
See the instructions on the next page.

For details on the vent components, refer to the vent manufacturer's instructions.



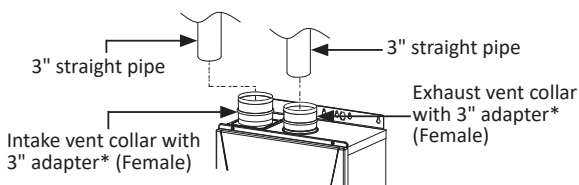
Set DIP switches shown in the table below depending on the vent diameter and length.

DIP switch settings : Two-pipe, Direct vent installations					
Vent diameter	3" venting*			4" venting	
Vent length Model	5 to 20 ft (1.5 to 6.1 m) (DEFAULT)	21 to 40 ft (6.2 to 12.2 m)	41 to 70 ft (12.3 to 21.3 m)	5 to 50 ft (1.5 to 15.2 m) (DEFAULT)	51 to 100 ft (15.3 to 30.5 m)
CT-199 (Upper bank of DIP switches)	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF ☐ ☐ ☒ ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF ☐ ☐ ☒ ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF ☐ ☐ ☒ ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF ☐ ☐ ☒ ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF ☐ ☐ ☒ ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐
	No. 3 : O N No. 4 : OFF	No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : OFF	No. 3 : O N No. 4 : O N	No. 3 : O N No. 4 : OFF	No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : OFF

*3" **PVC concentric termination (100112163)** installation is applied to the DIP switch settings of 3" venting. (Refer to page 10.)

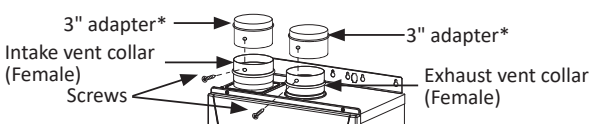
<How to install intake and exhaust venting (two-pipe, direct-vent) with the indoor model>

3" vent connection for PVC/CPVC venting only

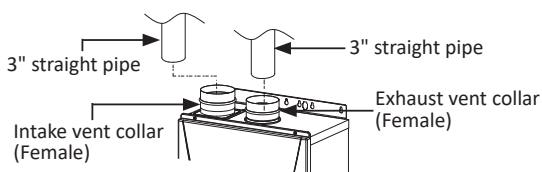


- PVC adapter will accept 3" straight pipe.

3" vent connection for other venting without 3" PVC adapter

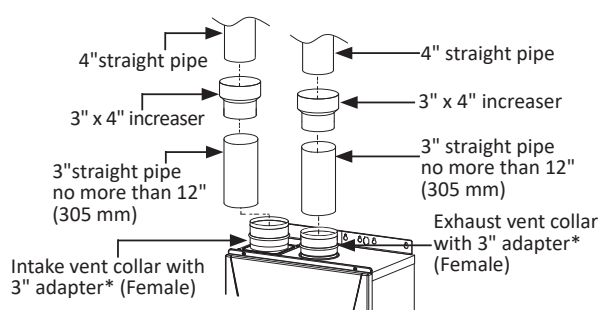


- Remove each screw from 3" adapter to detach the adapters from each vent collar.



- Connect 3" straight pipes directly on the exhaust and intake vent collar of the water heater.

4" vent connection for PVC/CPVC venting only



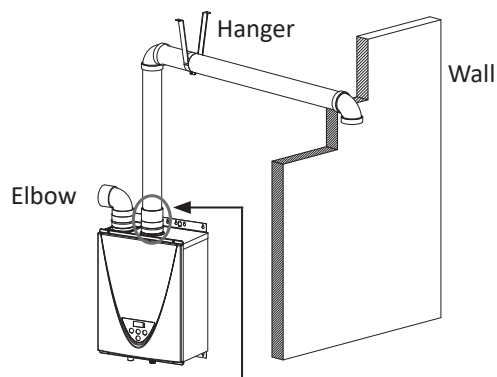
- Insert no more than 12" (305 mm) of 3" straight pipe into the exhaust/intake vent collar with 3" adapter.
- Connect 3" x 4" increasers to straight pipes.
- Connect 4" straight pipes to the increasers.

NOTICE

*3" PVC adapters are not approved for use in Canada.

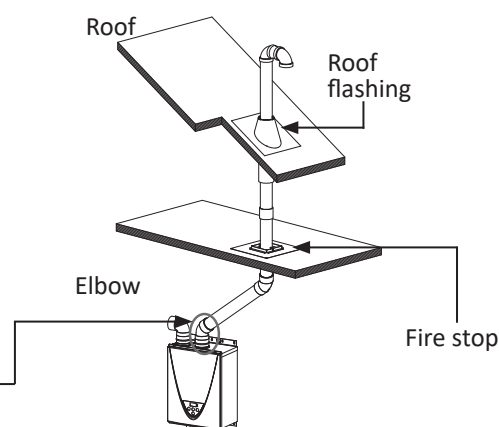
<Single-pipe with room-air intake installation>

Horizontal Installation



Connect between exhaust vent collar and piping. See the instructions on the next page.

Vertical Installation

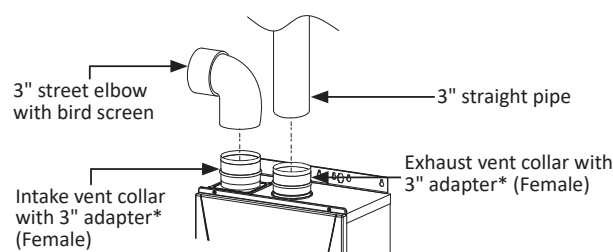


For details on the vent components, refer to the vent manufacturer's instructions.

Set DIP switches shown in the table below depending on the vent diameter and length.

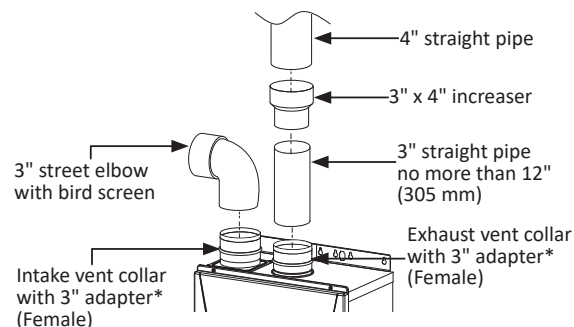
DIP switch settings : Single vent pipe installations				
Vent diameter	3" venting		4" venting	
Vent length	5 to 45 ft (1.5 to 13.7 m) (DEFAULT)	46 to 70 ft (13.8 to 21.3 m)	5 to 50 ft (1.5 to 15.2 m) (DEFAULT)	51 to 100 ft (15.3 to 30.5 m)
Model				
CT-199 (Upper bank of DIP switches)	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF
	No. 3 : O N No. 4 : OFF	No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : OFF	No. 3 : O N No. 4 : OFF	No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : OFF

3" vent connection for PVC/CPVC venting only



1. Connect spigot end of 3" street elbow into the intake vent collar with 3" adapter. Be sure to insert bird screen into the hub side.
2. Connect 3" straight pipe into the exhaust vent collar with 3" adapter.

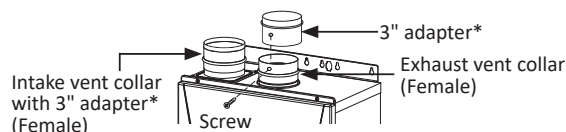
4" vent connection for PVC/CPVC venting only



1. Insert no more than 12" (305 mm) of 3" straight pipe into the exhaust vent collar with 3" adapter.
2. Connect a 3" x 4" increaser into the 3" straight pipe.
3. Connect 4" straight pipe into the increaser.
4. Connect spigot end of 3" street elbow into the intake vent collar with 3" adapter. Be sure to insert bird screen into the hub side.

Remove the 3" adapter when using vent material other than PVC or CPVC.

How to remove 3" PVC adapter from the intake/exhaust collar



1. Remove the screw from the 3" adapter on the exhaust vent collar, then remove the adapter.

NOTICE *3" PVC adapters are not approved for use in Canada.

POLYPROPYLENE VENTING

WARNING! Do not mix parts or fittings of different material types, and do not mix pipe, fittings, or joining methods from different manufacturers. Combustion exhaust can contain carbon monoxide and must be properly vented outside. Breathing abnormal amounts of carbon monoxide can result in serious injury or death.

Centrotherm InnoFlue polypropylene venting is approved for use with these water heaters. Follow the instructions in this manual and in the vent manufacturer's instructions when installing vent pipe.

Description	Centrotherm Part No. (Trade Name InnoFlue)	Description	Centrotherm Part No. (Trade Name InnoFlue)
4"/6" x 39" (990 mm) Concentric Wall	ICWS4639	3"/5" x 13" (330 mm) Concentric Wall Termination SS	ICWS3513
101 mm to 3" Adapter	ISA010103	3" Twin Pipe to 3"/5" Concentric Adapter	ICTC0335
101 mm to 4" Adapter	ISA010104		

-Exhaust vent (Stainless steel vent)-

This is a Category IV appliance and must be vented accordingly. The vent system must be sealed airtight. All seams and joints **without gaskets** must be sealed with high heat resistant silicone sealant or UL listed aluminum adhesive tape having a minimum temperature rating of 160 °F (71 °C). For best results, a vent system should be as short and straight as possible.

- The Indoor model is a Category IV appliance and must be vented accordingly with any 4" vent approved for use with Category III/IV or Special BH type gas vent.
- **The manufacturer recommends the NovaVent® or Z-Vent® venting manufactured by Z-Flex® U.S. and are listed to UL 1738.**
- **Follow the vent pipe manufacturer's instructions when installing the vent pipe.**
- The maximum length of exhaust vent piping must not exceed 100 ft (30.5 m) (deducting 5 ft (1.5 m) for each elbow used in the venting system). Do not use more than 5 elbows.
- When the horizontal vent run exceeds 5 ft (1.5 m), support the vent run at 3 ft (0.9 m) intervals with overhead hangers.

Diameter	Max. No. of Elbows	Max. Vertical and Horizontal (Total) Vent Length*
4 in	5	100 ft (30.5 m)

*For each elbow added, deduct 5 ft. (1.5 m) from max. vent length.

No. of Elbows	Max. Vertical or Horizontal Vent Length	No. of Elbows	Max. Vertical or Horizontal Vent Length
0	100 ft (30.5 m)	3	85 ft (25.9 m)
1	95 ft (29.0 m)	4	80 ft (24.4 m)
2	90 ft (27.4 m)	5	75 ft (22.9 m)

Excludes vent terminators, termination elbows, or rain caps.

-DIP switch settings for vent length-

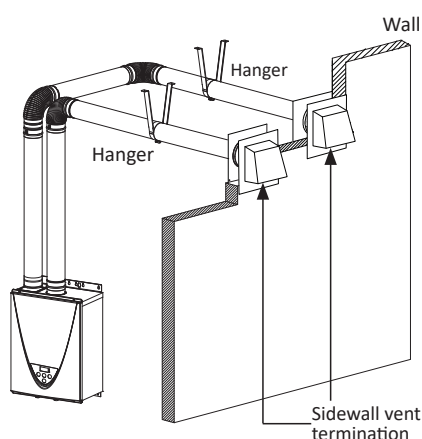
Typical installations using stainless steel vents



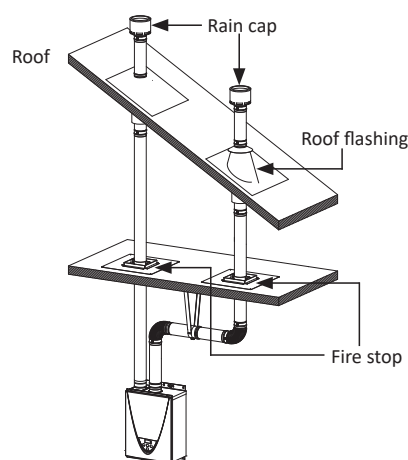
WARNING

- Adjust the appropriate DIP switches according to model and vent length as shown below. **DO NOT** adjust the other DIP switches.
- Turn off the power supply to the water heater before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Failure to observe these warnings could lead to carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

Horizontal Installation



Vertical Installation



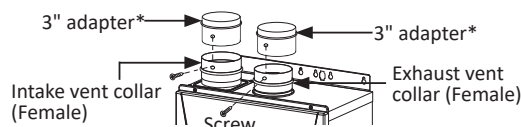
For details on the vent components, refer to the vent manufacturer's instructions.

DIP switch* settings : Single pipe and Direct vent installations / Vent diameter : 4" venting		
Vent Length	5 to 50 ft (1.5 to 15.2 m) (DEFAULT)	51 to 100 ft (15.3 to 30.5 m)
DIP Switch Settings	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF No. 3 : ON No. 4 : OFF	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF No. 3 : OFF No. 4 : OFF

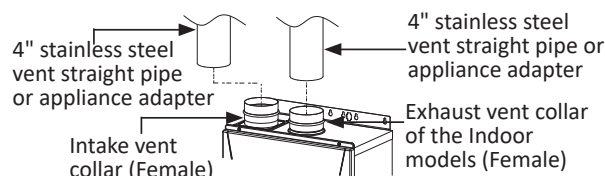
*Upper bank of DIP switches

<How to remove 3" PVC adapter from the intake/exhaust collar>

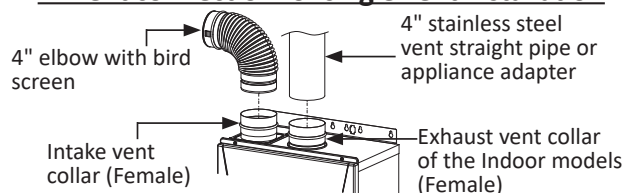
***Remove the 3" adapter when using metal vent.**



4" vent connection for direct-vent installation



4" vent connection for single vent installation



- Connect 4" stainless steel vent straight pipes or appliance adapters to the exhaust/intake vent collar.

1. Connect a 4" stainless steel vent pipe or appliance adapter to the exhaust vent collar.
2. Connect a 4" elbow to the intake vent collar.



WARNING

- Follow the clearances listed on pages 11, 14-16 when installing the vent and air intake terminations.
- Follow the vent manufacturer's installation instructions and clearance requirements.
- Use 4" Category III/IV approved or Special BH, single or double wall stainless steel vent pipe, listed to UL 1738.
- **Do not mix parts or fittings of different material types, and do not mix pipe, fittings, or joining methods from different manufacturers. Combustion exhaust can contain carbon monoxide and must be properly vented outside. Breathing abnormal amounts of carbon monoxide can result in serious injury or death.**

Approved Category IV, Single Wall, Venting Suppliers and Part Numbers

Description	Heater Vent Kits	Z-FLEX®	
		Nova VENT®	Z-VENT®
4" Adjustable straight pipe - 10"-18" (254 - 457 mm) adjustability	100112405	2NVAL4	2SVSPA04
4" Sidewall termination (4" Termination Hood)	100112419	2NVTH4	2SVSHTX04
4" Vent termination tee	100112547	2NVTT4	2SVSTTF04
4" Rain Cap	100112415	2NVRC4	2SVSRCF04
4" Extreme weather rain cap	100112548	2NVWC4	2SVSHRC04
4" 3-in-1 adapter (F-F adaptor, condensate drain, & back-flow preventer)	100112549	2NVBFA4	2SVBFDPA04
4" F-F adapter	100112399	2NVAFF4	2SVEEWCF0445
4" Backflow preventer w/ F-F adapter	100112416	2NVBFU4	2ZVB04
4" exhaust/3" intake DV concentric termination - 5"-10" (127 - 254 mm) adjustability	100112550	2NVHTC43S	2SVSHTC43S
4" exhaust/3" intake DV concentric termination - 12"-18" (305 - 457 mm) adjustability	100112551	2NVHTC43	2SVSHTC43
4" Sidewall termination, adjustable pipe	100187853	2NVBV4	n/a
4" exhaust/3" intake concentric termination - 5" to 10" (127 - 254 mm) adjustability	100112550	2NVHTC43S	2SVSHTC43S
4" exhaust/3" intake concentric termination - 12" to 18" (305 - 457 mm) adjustability	100112551	2NVHTC43	2SVSHTC43
4" exhaust / 4" intake concentric termination - 5" to 10" (127 - 254 mm) adjustability	100112552	2NVHTC44S	2SVSHTC04S
4" exhaust/4" intake concentric termination - 12" to 18" (305 - 457 mm) adjustability	100112553	2NVHTC44S	2SVSHTC04

-Common-venting system-

The Indoor model can be vented together using the same exhaust and intake venting.

- Up to 8 water heaters can be common-vented together.
- A non-return valve (100113130) must be used for each water heater that is part of the system.
- The water heaters must all be direct-vented.
- The common-venting system shall be in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (Current Editions), local codes, and the venting manufacturer's instructions.
- For common-venting pieces and components, the manufacturer recommends Centrotherm's vent line.
- 240HX3/340HX3/540HX3 models do not have Easy-Link or Multi-Unit capability.

Allowable models for common-venting

240H, 340H, 540H, 540P, CT-199, 240HX3, 340HX3, 540HX3

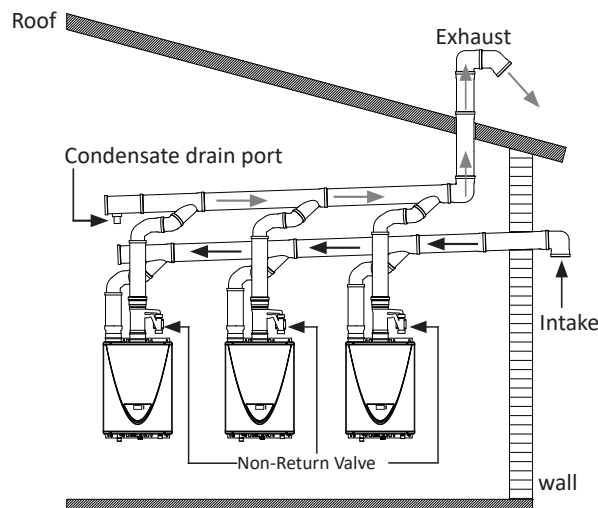
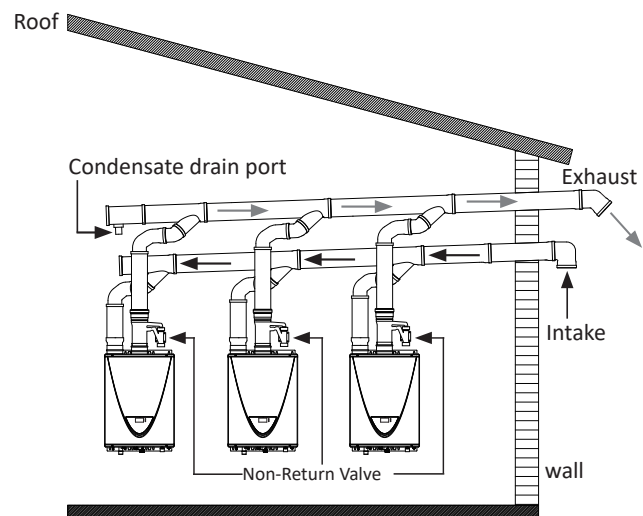
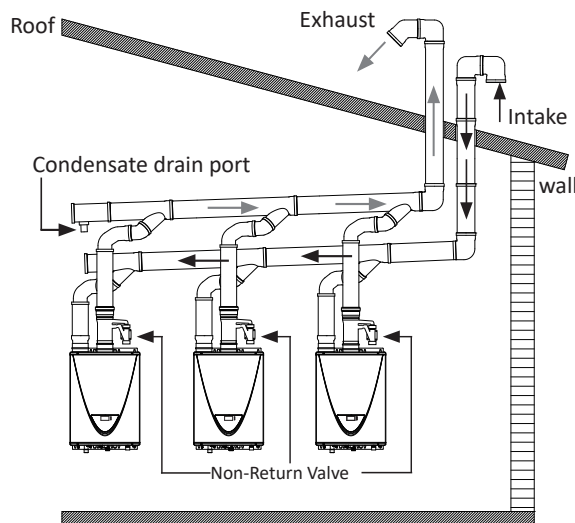


WARNING

Only the models listed in the table above can be common-vented together. Other models cannot be common-vented.

Failure to observe these warnings could lead to carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

Typical common-vent installation examples



NOTICE

For details on the installation of a common-vent system, please refer to "Common Venting Tankless Gas Water Heaters." It is a manual which is available on the water heater manufacturer's website.

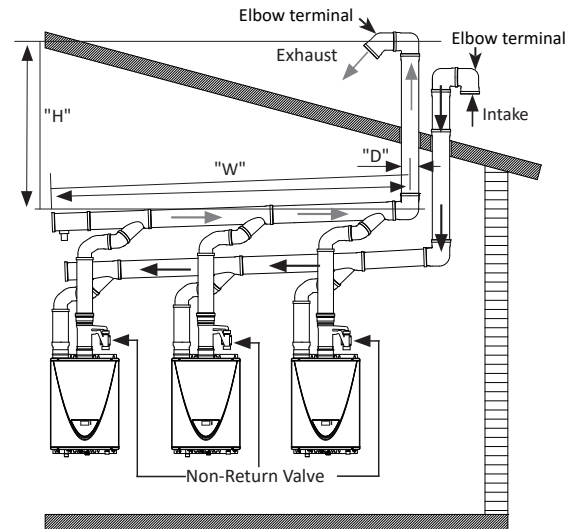
To determine the dimension of a common-venting system

Determine the vent diameter (D) and the total vent length based on the number of water heaters installed. The total vent length (L) consists of the horizontal width (W) and the vertical height (H). See the table below.

- Total vent length (L) = "H" + "W" + (Number of Elbows X 5)
- Vent diameter = "D"

NOTICE

- Regarding the clearances between the exhaust termination and the intake termination, refer to pages 14 to 16.
- Insert bird screen in elbow terminations.



WARNING

- **A Non-Return Valve must be installed for each water heater.** This prevents the escape of combustion gas through non-operating appliances.
- For detailed instructions on the common-venting system, refer to the instructions that are packaged with the vent parts or web site.

Common-venting system			
Vent Diameter* (D)	Max. No. of water heaters	Max. Vertical and Horizontal (Total) Vent Length** (L)	DIP switch settings
4 in	2	25 ft (7.6 m)	CT-199 Indoor (Upper bank of DIP switches) ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 OFF ☐ ☐ ☒ ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ No. 3 : ON/No. 4: OFF
5 in	2	50 ft (15.2 m)	
	3	20 ft (6.1 m)	
6 in	2	100 ft (30.5 m)	
	3	75 ft (22.9 m)	
	4	50 ft (15.2 m)	
	5	25 ft (7.6 m)	
	6	20 ft (6.1 m)	
8 in	3	100 ft (30.5 m)	
	4	100 ft (30.5 m)	
	5	85 ft (25.9 m)	
	6	65 ft (19.8 m)	
	7	50 ft (15.2 m)	
	8	41 ft (12.5 m)	
10 in	5	100 ft (30.5 m)	
	6	100 ft (30.5 m)	
	7	100 ft (30.5 m)	
	8	100 ft. (30.5 m)	



WARNING

- Adjust the appropriate DIP switches according to model as shown in the left table. **DO NOT** adjust the other DIP switches. (Refer to page 22 for the location of the DIP switches.)
- Turn off the power supply to the water heater before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Failure to observe these warnings could lead to carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

*Diameters of pipes are in accordance with Centrotherm's specifications.

**One elbow is equivalent to 5 ft (1.5 m) linear length, and the maximum number of elbows is 5.

GAS SUPPLY AND GAS PIPE SIZING

-General-



WARNING

- Do not use this water heater with any gas other than the one listed on the rating plate.
- Ensure that any and all gas regulators used are operating properly and providing gas pressures within the specified range shown below. Excess gas inlet pressure may cause serious accidents.
- Conversion of this unit from natural gas to propane or vice versa will void all warranty. Contact your local distributor to get the correct unit for your gas type. **The manufacturer is not liable for any property and/or personal damage resulting from gas conversions. In Canada, contact tech support at 888.479.8324 for options.**
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in severe personal injury, carbon monoxide poisoning, or death.

- The minimum and maximum inlet gas pressures are:

Gas type	Inlet gas pressure
Natural Gas	Min. 4.0" W.C. (1.00 kPa) – Max. 10.5" W.C. (2.61 kPa)
Propane	Min. 8.0" W.C. (1.99 kPa) – Max. 13.0" W.C. (3.23 kPa)

- Inlet gas pressures that fall outside the range of values listed above may adversely affect the performance of the water heater. These pressures are measured when the water heater is in full operation and in standby.
- Inlet gas pressure must not exceed the above maximum values; gas pressure above the specified range will cause dangerous operating conditions and damage to the unit.
- Until testing of the main gas line supply pressure is completed, ensure the gas line to the water heater is disconnected to avoid any damage to the water heater.
- If the gas supply pressure to the heater is greater than the specified maximum, a field-supplied regulator is required. The regulator must lower the gas pressure within the approved range.
- Install the gas regulator according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- The regulator must be sized for the water heater input and provide the specified pressures that are listed on the rating plate.
- In the absence of minimum install distance stated by the regulator manufacturer, it is recommended that there is at least 3 ft (1 m) of piping between the regulator outlet and the water heater's inlet gas connection.

-Gas connections-

1. Install a manual gas shutoff valve between the water heater and the gas supply line.
2. When the gas connections are completed, it is necessary to perform a gas leak test either by applying soapy water to all gas fittings and observing for bubbles or by using a gas leak detection device.
 - The water heater and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa).
 - The water heater must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa).
3. Always purge the gas line of any debris and/or water before connecting to the gas inlet.

NOTICE

Size the gas pipe appropriately to supply the necessary volume of gas required for the water heater using ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the USA or B149.1 in Canada or local codes. Otherwise, flow capabilities and output temperatures will be limited.

-Natural gas supply piping-

Maximum delivery Capacity in Cubic Feet of Gas per Hour (based on IPS Pipe carrying Natural Gas with 0.60 Specific Gravity with a Pressure Drop of 0.5" W.C.).

Based on Energy Content of 1,000 BTU/Cubic ft: The water heater requires 199 Cubic ft/hr for the CT-199 model.

The following tables are from NFPA 54.

Unit: Cubic feet per hour

Pipe Size	Length												
Diameter	10' (3.0 m)	20' (6.1 m)	30' (9.1 m)	40' (12.2 m)	50' (15.2 m)	60' (18.3 m)	70' (21.3 m)	80' (24.4 m)	90' (27.4 m)	100' (30.5 m)	125' (38.1 m)	150' (45.7 m)	200' (61.0 m)
1/2"	172	118	95	81	72	65	60	56	52	50	44	40	34
3/4"	360	247	199	170	151	137	126	117	110	104	92	83	71
1"	678	466	374	320	284	257	237	220	207	195	173	157	134
1-1/4"	1,390	957	768	657	583	528	486	452	424	400	355	322	275
1-1/2"	2,090	1,430	1,150	985	873	791	728	677	635	600	532	482	412
2"	4,020	2,760	2,220	1,900	1,680	1,520	1,400	1,300	1,220	1,160	1,020	928	794

-Propane (LP) supply piping-

Maximum Capacity of Propane (LP) Based on 11" W.C. supply pressure at a 0.5" W.C. pressure drop

Unit: kBTU per hour

Pipe Size	Length												
Diameter	10' (3.0 m)	20' (6.1 m)	30' (9.1 m)	40' (12.2 m)	50' (15.2 m)	60' (18.3 m)	70' (21.3 m)	80' (24.4 m)	90' (27.4 m)	100' (30.5 m)	125' (38.1 m)	150' (45.7 m)	200' (61.0 m)
1/2"	268	184	148	126	112	101	93	87	82	77	68	62	53
3/4"	567	393	315	267	237	217	196	185	173	162	146	132	112
1"	1,071	732	590	504	448	409	378	346	322	307	275	252	213
1-1/4"	2,205	1,496	1,212	1,039	913	834	771	724	677	630	567	511	440
1-1/2"	3,307	2,299	1,858	1,559	1,417	1,275	1,181	1,086	1,023	976	866	787	675
2"	6,221	4,331	3,465	2,992	2,646	2,394	2,205	2,047	1,921	1,811	1,606	1,496	1,260

WATER CONNECTIONS



WARNING

Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately contact a qualified installer or service agency to replace a flooded water heater. Do not attempt to repair the unit! It must be replaced!

NOTICE

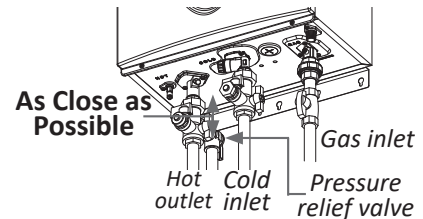
Do not reverse the hot outlet and cold inlet connections to the water heater. This will prevent the water heater from activating properly.

All pipes, pipe fittings, valves and other components, including soldering materials, must be suitable for potable water systems.

1. A manual shutoff valve must be installed on the cold water inlet to the water heater between the main water supply line and the water heater.
2. In addition, a manual shutoff valve is also recommended on the hot water outlet of the unit.
3. If the water heater is installed within, or subjected to, a closed loop water system, a thermal expansion tank or code approved device to handle thermal expansion must be installed.

NOTE: If the plumbing system is subject to water hammer, then it is recommended that water hammer arrestors be installed.

4. Before installing the water heater, flush the water line to remove all debris, and after installation is complete, purge the air from the line. Failure to do so may cause damage to the heater.
5. There is a wire mesh filter within the cold inlet to trap debris from entering your heater. This will need to be cleaned periodically to maintain optimum flow. (Refer to page 53.)



-Pressure relief valve-

The water heater has a high-temperature shutoff switch built in as a standard safety feature (called a Hi-Limit switch) therefore a **“pressure only”** relief valve is required.

- This unit does not come with an approved pressure relief valve.
- An approved pressure relief valve must be installed on the hot water outlet.
- The pressure relief valve must conform to **ANSI Z21.22/CSA 4.4** and installation must follow local codes.
- The discharge capacity must be at least 199,000 BTU/h for the CT-199 model.
- The pressure relief valve needs to be rated for a maximum of 150 psi (1 MPa).
- The discharge piping for the pressure relief valve must be directed so that the hot water cannot splash outward and cause damage or personal injury.
- Attach the discharge tube to the pressure relief valve and run the end of the tube to within 6 in (152 mm) from the floor. This discharge tube must allow free and complete drainage without any restrictions.

WARNING! Do Not plug the pressure relief valve.

- If the pressure relief valve discharges periodically, this may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water supply system. Contact the water supplier or a local plumbing professional on how to correct this situation. Do not plug the pressure relief valve.
- The pressure relief valve must be manually operated periodically to check for correct operation. Before operating the valve manually, check that it will discharge in a place for secure disposal.
- No valve must be placed between the relief valve and the water heater.



WARNING

- **Hot water could be released when the pressure relief valve is opened. This could result in severe personal injury. Before operating the pressure relief valve manually, check that it will discharge in a safe place. If water does not flow freely from the end of the discharge pipe, turn the gas supply and power OFF and call a qualified person to determine the cause.**
- **Refer to the pressure relief valve manufacturer's instructions for inspection and maintenance requirements.**

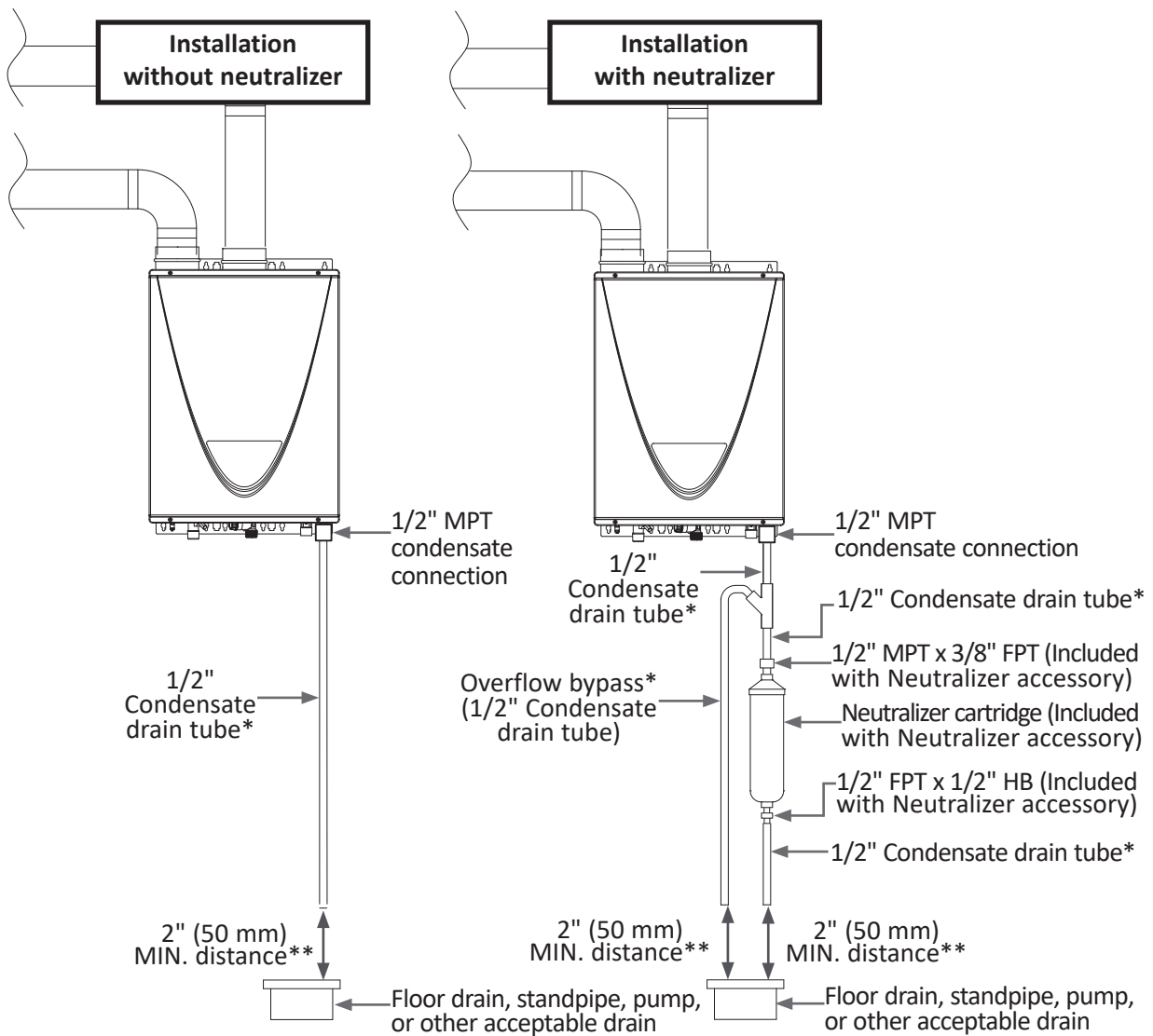
CONDENSATE DRAIN

This high efficiency water heater produces acidic condensate that must be properly drained per local codes. The water heater does not have a built-in neutralizer to raise the pH level. A neutralizer is available from the water heater manufacturer, if needed. Follow the instructions in this section in order to install the condensate drain line.

- All preventative measures and safety practices must be adhered to when draining condensate. The manufacturer will not be responsible for any damage caused by condensate.
- A drain pan, or other means of protection against water damage, is recommended to be installed under the water heater in case of leaks.
- Discharge condensate (acidic water) in accordance with all local codes and common safety practices. In the absence of applicable local codes and regulations, the manufacturer recommends that a condensate neutralizer is installed and dispose the condensate into a drain. See picture on page 33.
- Use corrosion resistant pipe, such as PVC, for the condensate drain line. Do not use metallic pipe.
- The condensate drain does not require a trap.
- A field-supplied bypass is required if a neutralizer is installed.
- The condensate drain is at atmospheric pressure (non-pressurized) and therefore must be allowed to drain freely with gravity only. Ensure that the condensate drain tube is not plugged, blocked, or kinked. Ensure that it slopes downward to allow condensate to flow freely. All portions of the condensate drain (neutralizer and drain tube) must be at a lower elevation than the water heater to prevent condensate water from building up inside the heat exchanger.
- Do not connect the condensate drain line directly to a condensate pump.

The condensate drain system must be inspected regularly to make sure it drains properly and in accordance with local codes or the part manufacturer's instructions.

- Condensate cannot be effectively neutralized if the neutralizer elements inside the Neutralizer accessory have been completely consumed. If this happens, condensate will remain acidic and can possibly cause damage to items such as pipes, concrete, etc.
- The actual life of the neutralizer may vary, depending on the application and usage. Replace the cartridge when the condensate pH goes below 6.0. This can be tested using litmus pH test strips.
- Please ensure that the cartridge is properly replaced before the neutralizer elements have been completely consumed.



*Maintain downward slope, including installations in which the drain is not directly below the heater.

**A 2" (50 mm) minimum distance must be maintained between the condensate line and drain to allow full flow of the condensation.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

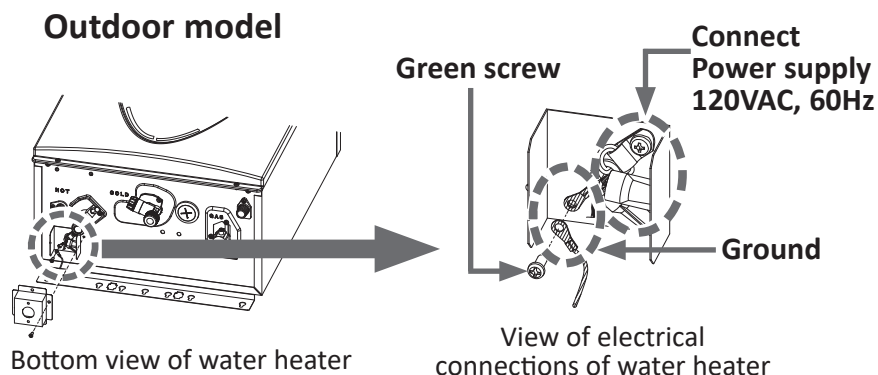


WARNING

- Follow the electrical code requirements of the local authority having jurisdiction. In the absence of such requirements, follow the current edition of the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70 in the U.S. or the current edition of CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 in Canada.
- When servicing or replacing parts within the water heater, label all wires prior to disconnection to facilitate an easy and error-free reconnection. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or death.

All indoor models come with a power plug instead of a junction box. The following procedure is for outdoor model only.

1. The water heater must be electrically grounded. Do not attach the ground wire to either the gas or the water piping.
2. The water heater requires a **120 VAC, 60 Hz electrical power supply that is properly grounded.**
 - A proper disconnect (i.e. on/off switch, power plug, etc.) controlling the main power to the water heater must be provided for service reasons. (Must comply with local codes.)
 - Connect the power supply to the water heater exactly as shown in the wiring diagram.
3. A green screw is provided in the junction box to ground the connection.
4. The water heater can be hardwired or wired to a plug-in.
5. The use of a surge protector is recommended in order to protect the unit from power surges.

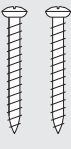
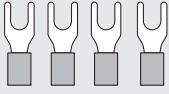


TEMPERATURE REMOTE CONTROLLER

-Included accessories-Outdoor model only

- The remote control is an optional accessory that can be installed in a hall, closet, etc., to allow for temperature adjustment without having to go to the heater.
- When installed, the remote will take priority over the built-in controller of indoor models.

Verify that the items listed below are included with the remote controller.

Temperature remote controller	Screws	Fork terminals	Manual	Remote controller cable*
 Qty: 1	 Qty: 2	 Qty: 4	 Qty: 1	 Qty: 1

100112572 (TM-RE40)

It is also an optional accessory as a second remote for the indoor model. Refer to pages 9 and 10.

*The optional remote controller (sold separately) has no remote controller cable.

-Installation-



- This remote controller is NOT waterproof.**
- The water heater can only have one remote controller.**
- Do not install in high temperature environments, high humidity conditions outdoors, in direct sunlight, or within the reach of children.
- Make sure the remote controller does not come into contact with water or oil.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or electrical shock.

NOTICE

- Do not place the remote controller cable close to other wires from other products.
- Cables used for the remote controller connection must be:
 - Minimum 20 gauge wire (No polarity)
 - Maximum 400 ft (122 m) long

<Mounting and Wiring the Remote Controller>

- Take off the Back plate from the remote controller with a flat head screwdriver. (Fig. A and B)
- Attach the Back plate on the wall with the two provided screws. (Fig. B)
- If you use another cable, crimp the Fork terminals to the wires. (Fig. C)

Fig. A

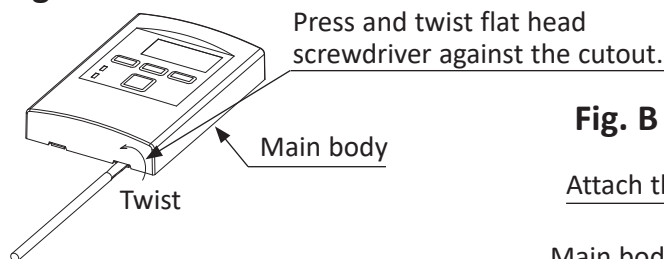


Fig. B

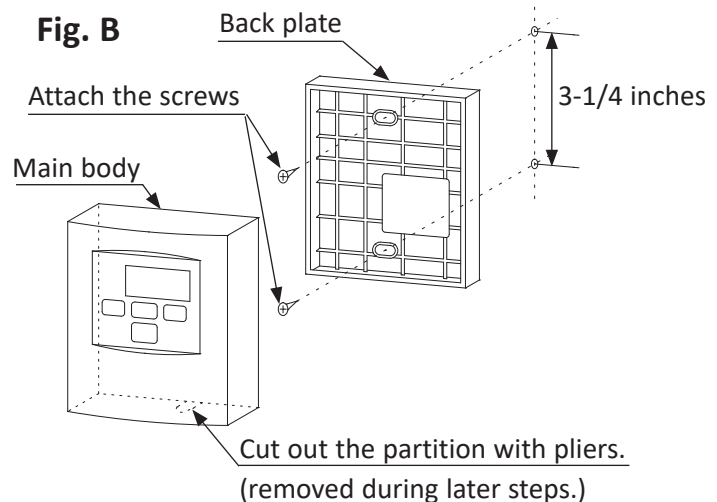
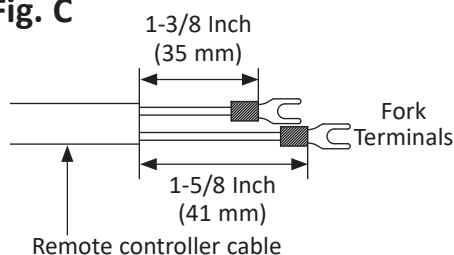
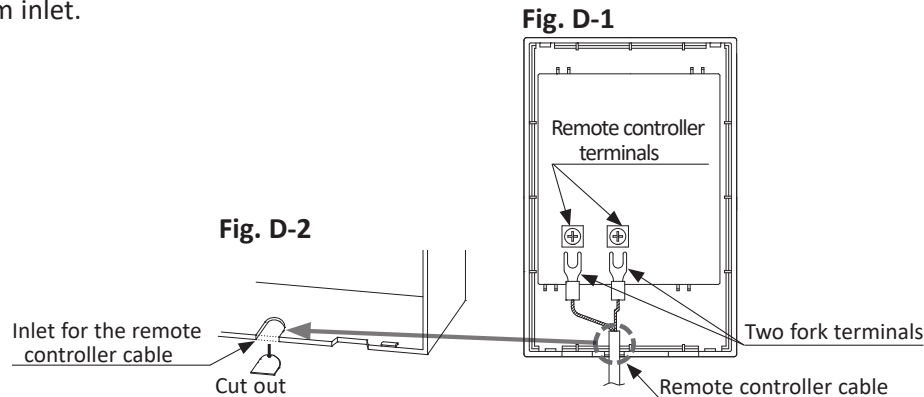


Fig. C



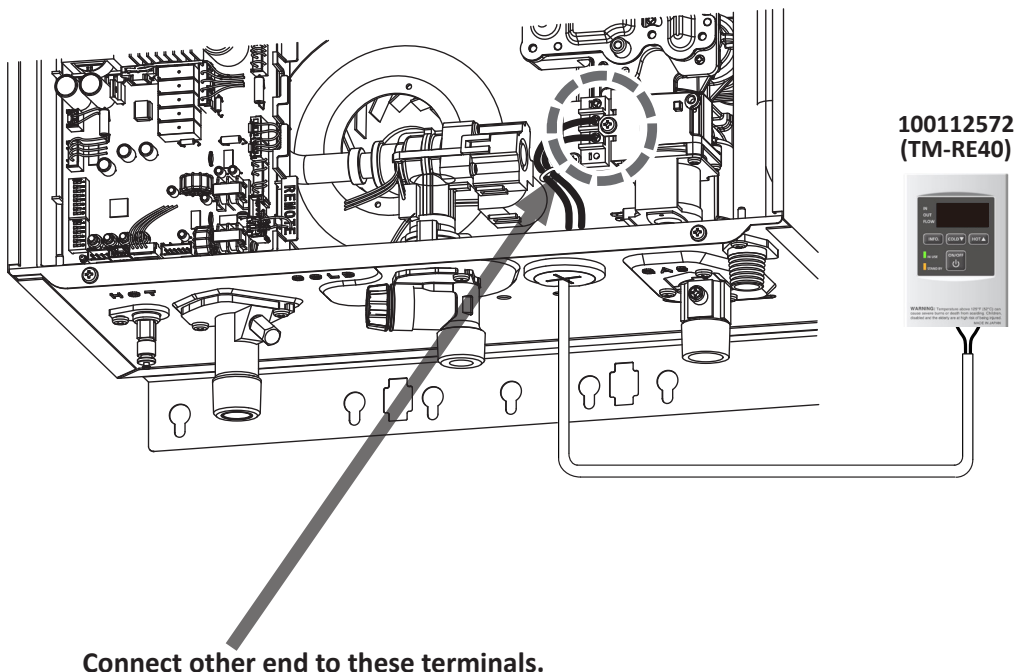
4. Tighten the two **Fork terminals** beneath the two **Remote controller terminal** screws on the back of the main body. **(Fig. D-1)**
5. Cut out the inlet for the remote controller cable from the bottom of the main body. **(Fig. D-2)**
6. Place the **Main body** back on the **Back plate**, with the **Remote controller cable** running out of the bottom inlet.



<How to connect the remote controller to the water heater>

1. Disconnect power supply from the water heater.
2. Take off the water heater's front cover.
3. Locate the two terminals for the remote controller in the water heater.
4. Take off the back plate from the remote controller, and then attach the two fork terminals to the connector base on the back side of the remote controller with two screws. Make sure the terminals are firmly fixed. (See the above instructions for installation of the remote controller.)
5. Pull the remote controller cable through the hole at the bottom of the water heater's casing.
6. Secure both controller cable terminals to the terminals on the computer board as shown below. (Secure them underneath the screw terminals. No polarity.)
- * Do NOT jump or short-circuit the cables, or computer will be damaged.
7. Replace the front cover securely.

Fig. E



EASY-LINK SYSTEM

The CT-199 model water heater can combine with the following approved heaters with communication cables to work as a multiple-unit manifold system.

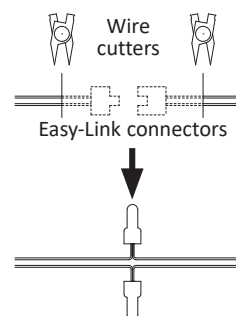
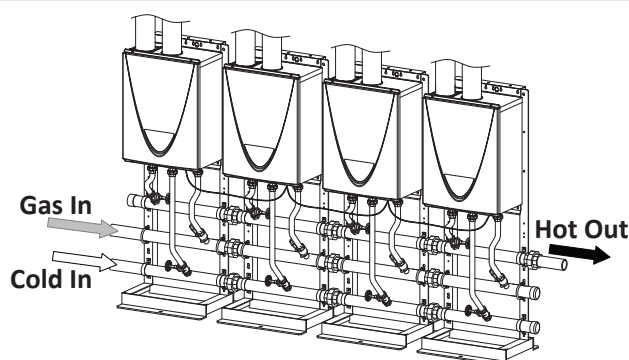
- The built-in Easy-Link System allows up to 4 units to manifold together.
- A communication cable (gray color) comes with each water heater.

You can manifold from 2 to 4 units without the need for a multi-unit controller. A 4-unit system has full automatic modulation between 13,000 BTU/h (Propane) or 15,000 BTU/h (Natural gas) to 796,000 BTU/h.

Approved heaters that can be combined with CT-199 model in an Easy-Link System

710 model /710 ASME
520 model
540H model, CT-199
540P model (Only when 540P is a PARENT unit in the system.)

Due to the difference in the connector type for the Easy-Link System between the 710 and CT-199, cut out the connectors for the Easy-Link System and then splice the wires directly together when connecting the 710 and CT-199 in the Easy-Link System.



NOTICE

- The Easy-Link System is limited to up to **4 units**. If you connect more than 4 units, only the first 4 units will work as a part of the Easy-Link System. The other additional units will not work.
- **The CT-199 model cannot be combined together with other models not listed on the table above.**
- **When the CT-199 model is connected to other models listed above in an Easy-Link System, contact the manufacturer.**
- **When the 710 and CT-199 are connected together in an Easy-Link System, change DIP switch No. 6 on the lower bank of DIP switches on the CT-199 model computer board to the "ON" position. (See the following page for detail.)**
- A remote controller is not required for an Easy-Link System. However, it does provide for more temperature options and ease of maintenance.
- If a remote controller is used, the temperature on all the units in the system will automatically be set to the same temperature that is set on the remote.
- When a remote is used in an Easy-Link System, it must be connected to the parent unit.
- Only one remote can be connected.

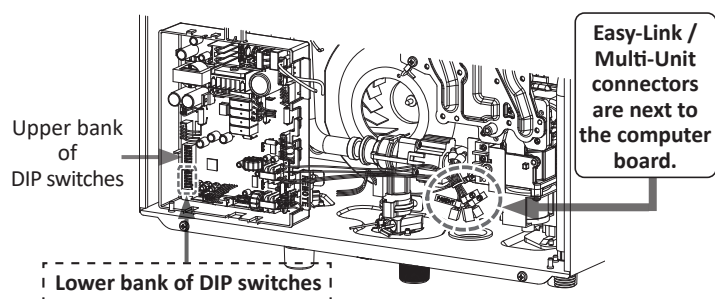
-Easy-Link connection procedures-

1. Make sure the power to the heaters are off.
2. Verify the DIP switch set temperatures of all units within the system. Every single water heater must be set to the same set temperature. If a remote controller is used, it should be installed to the **"PARENT"** unit. The controller will set the temperature for the entire system.
3. Select one unit to be the **"PARENT"** unit. The **"PARENT"** unit should be one of the end units.
4. **"PARENT"** unit:
Locate the two banks of DIP switches at the bottom left of the computer board of the unit that you select to be the **"PARENT"** unit. Change DIP switch No. 1 on the **lower bank of DIP switches to the ON position**. Refer to the following page. Do not change any DIP switches on any of the **"CHILD"** units.

5. Between the **"PARENT"** and the **"CHILD-1"** units:
Connect the **"PARENT"** connector of the **"PARENT"** unit to the **"1"** connector of the **"CHILD-1"** unit using the supplied linking cable.
6. Between the **"CHILD-1"** and the **"CHILD-2"** units:
Connect the **"2"** connector of the **"CHILD-1"** unit to the **"1"** connector of the **"CHILD-2"** unit.
7. Between the **"CHILD-2"** and the **"CHILD-3"** units:
Connect the **"2"** connector of the **"CHILD-2"** unit to the **"1"** connector of the **"CHILD-3"** unit.
8. Verify that all cables are connected like the diagram below (B).
9. Turn on power to the **"PARENT"** unit. Turn on **"CHILD-1"**. When the (remote and/or temperature) controller displays a number, turn on **"CHILD-2"**.
When the (remote and/or built-in temperature) controller displays a number, turn on **"CHILD-3"**.
Make sure the (remote and/or built-in temperature) controllers display the unit #. The numbering system automatically allocates the unit # to each water heater in the Easy-Link System, in accordance with the table at right.
(Refer to p.53.)

Type of unit	Unit # of easy-link	Type of unit	Unit # of easy-link
Parent	1	Child	2, 3, or 4

(A) CT-199 model computer board



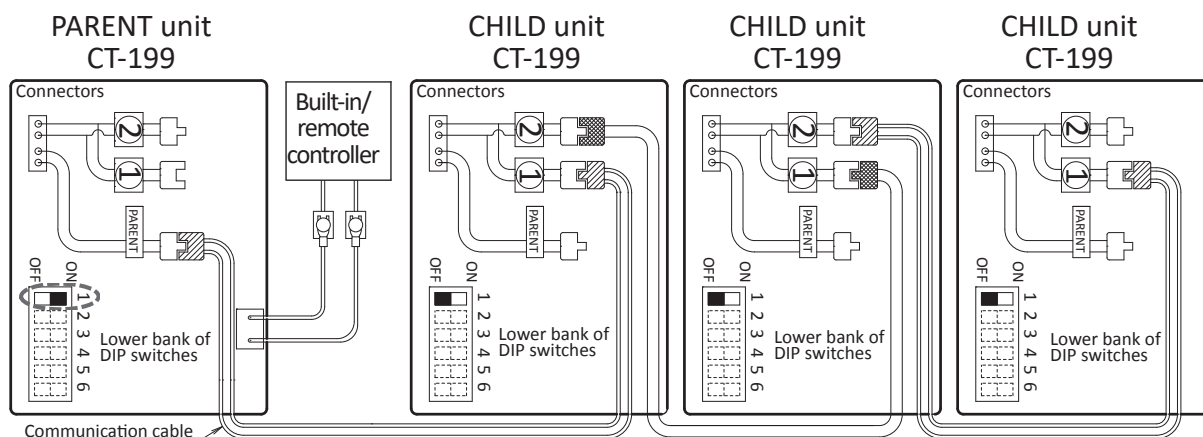
DIP switch settings for Easy-Link System		
Lower bank of DIP switches		
PARENT	CHILD	Connection with 710
No. 1 ON	No. 1 OFF	No. 6 ON



WARNING

- To change the DIP switch settings for the Easy-Link System, locate the lower bank of DIP switches at the bottom left of the computer board of CT-199.
- DO NOT adjust any other DIP switches .
- Turn off the power supply to the water heater before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Failure to observe this warning could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

(B) Basic diagram of connections between the Easy-Link System units

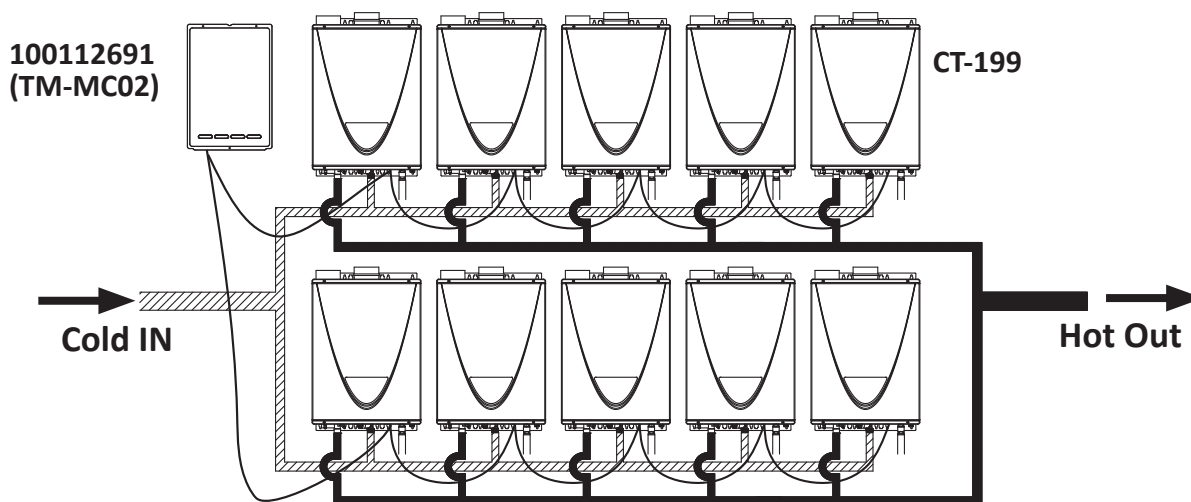


NOTICE

- The dark squares indicate the correct position of the DIP switch.
- Either a built-in controller or a remote controller is required for the Easy-Link System for ease of usage and maintenance.

MULTI-UNIT SYSTEM

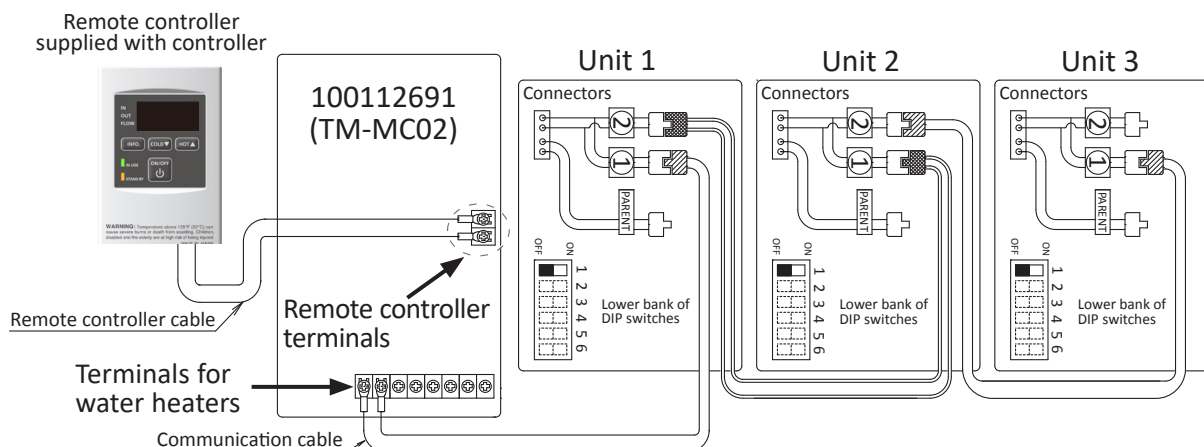
Multiple CT-199 models can be combined for a Multi-Unit System, along with the multi-unit controller (Part 100112691 (TM-MC02)). The multi-unit controller can control from 2 units to 20 units for commercial or residential applications. For a 20-unit system, the computer can modulate between the usages of 13,000 BTU/h (Propane) or 15,000 BTU/h (Natural gas) to 3.98 Million BTU/h.



An individual cut-off switch is recommended for each unit in a Multi-Unit System for the purpose of maintenance.

Multi-Unit System connection diagram

Multi-unit controller with the remote controller wiring:



- DIP switch settings: Default position (It does not need adjustment.)
- This is the connection diagram for a CT-199 model and a multi-unit controller in the Multi-Unit System. The example above shows three water heaters.
- The multi-unit controller automatically allocates the unit # (1-20) to each water heater in the Multi-Unit System.
- In a Multi-Unit System, connect the "[1]" connector and the "[2]" connector with the communication cable (refer to p. 9) or 18 gauge wire cables. The total cable length can be up to 250 ft (76.2 m) long.
- In a Multi-Unit System, CT-199 models can only be connected with other CT-199 models or 710 models.
- The multi-unit controller allocates random numbering. See the controller instructions to learn how to renumber the system units sequentially.

NOTICE

- For detailed instructions on the multi-unit controller, refer to the instructions that are packaged with the multi-unit controller.
- If 710 and CT-199 models are to be connected together in a Multi-Unit System, refer to the installation manual of the multi-unit controller for more details.

APPLICATIONS

-Recirculation-

When installing a recirculation pump, care must be taken to properly size the pump for the application. Sizing must be performed by the installing contractor or engineer. Below are requirements that need to be followed when sizing:

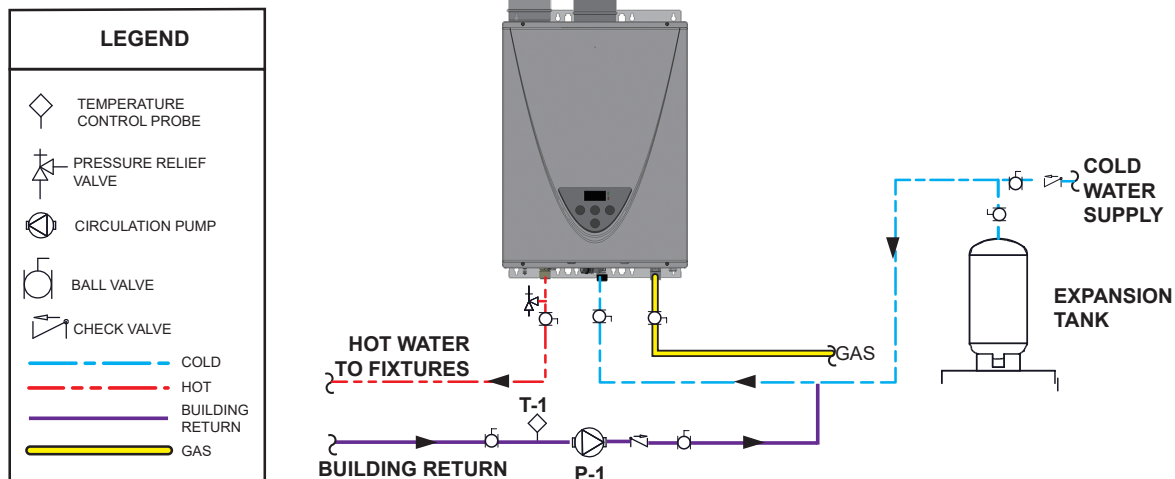
- Size the recirculation pump to flow no less than 2 gpm (7.6 l/m) and no more than 4 gpm (15.1 l/m) per activated heater. The manufacturer's suggested flow rate is 3 gpm (11.4 l/m). Refer to the water heater's pressure drop chart on its specification sheet for losses at other flow rates.
Head loss of each model at 3 gpm : 8.8 feet (3.8 psi)
- The pump should be controlled by a field supplied aquastat with immersion probe and an adjustable differential. The minimum suggested differential is 15 °F (8.3 °C). NOTE: Running the pump continuously will reduce the warranty of the water heater.
- An air elimination device is suggested to remove air from the piping system. Air may cause the recirculation pump to cavitate and may reduce the water flow rate. These items should be installed per the manufacturer's instructions.

The installer will need to consider the size of water tubing, material type, and fittings when determining the pressure drop of the system to size the recirculation pump. Note that these characteristics vary for each tubing material of the same nominal size. Refer to the water tubing manufacturer for pressure drop information that is needed to size the recirculation pump.

Below is a suggested piping diagram. Check with local codes and ordinances for additional installation requirements. Refer to the water heater manufacturer's website for additional layouts.

Thermostatic mixing valves may be used with tankless water heaters. Consult with the mixing valve manufacturer for the appropriate mixing valve for the application. Refer to the thermostatic mixing valve manufacturer for proper installation when recirculation is in use.

Temperature limiting devices such as mixing valves must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures.



-Domestic and Space Heating-



WARNING

- This water heater is suitable for combination water (potable) heating & space heating and not suitable for space heating applications only.
- This water heater shall not be connected to any heating system or component(s) previously used with non-potable water where any chemicals were added to the water heating appliances.
- Toxic chemicals used in boiler treatments such as alcohol, glycerol, and glycol groups must not be introduced into the water system.
- When the system requires water for space heating at temperatures higher than required for other uses, Thermostatic Mixing Valves (temperature limiting valves) shall be installed at each point-of-use. Water temperatures over 125°F (52°C) can cause severe burns instantly or death from scalding. When installed per the valve manufacturer's instructions, they automatically mix hot and cold water to limit the temperature at the tap.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in severe personal injury or death.

Care must be taken by the installing contractor or design engineer to size the components of the system appropriately for flow rate and temperature. In addition to sizing the water heater for the domestic potable water, the installer must size the water heater to provide the flow rate required by the manufacturer of the air handler. Refer to the air handler manufacturer's instructions and specification documents for this flow rate. The pump, field supplied or provided by the air handler manufacturer, must be able to provide this minimum flow rate.

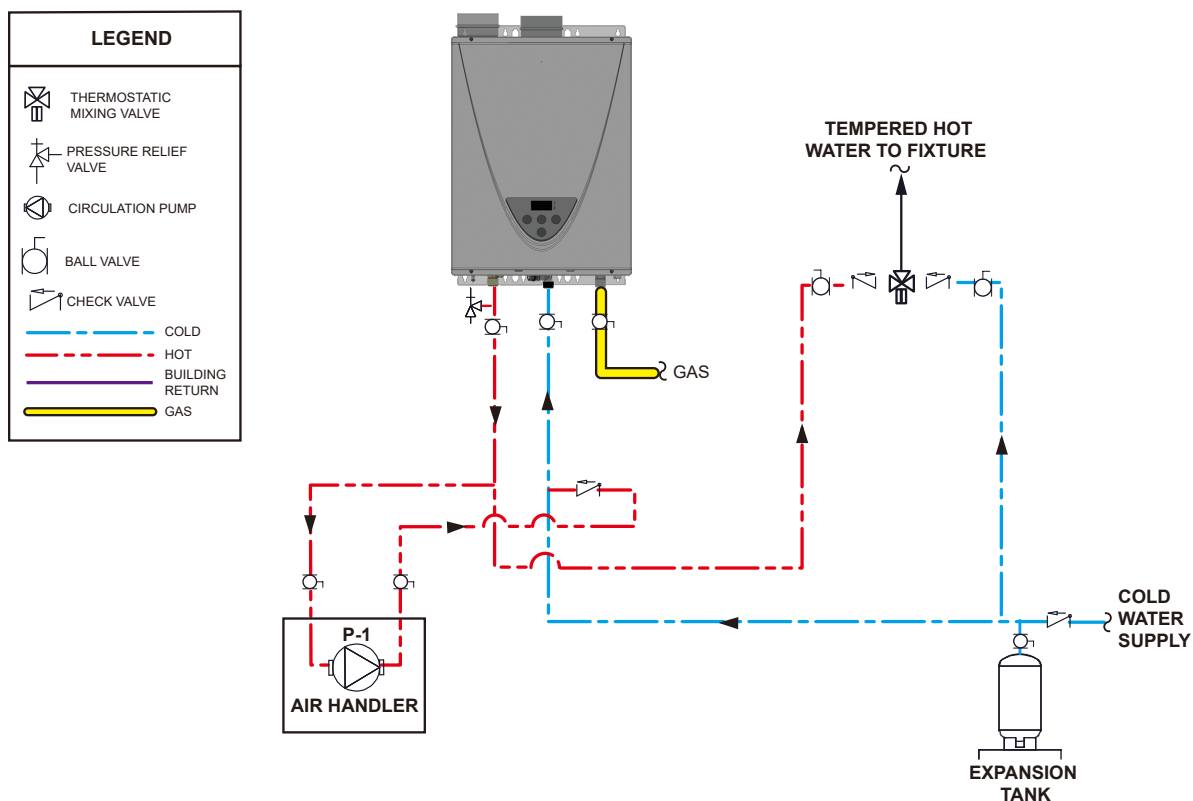
When sizing the pump, the installer must take into account the pressure drop of the following:

- Hydronic air handler. Refer to the manufacturer for this information.
- Water heater. Refer to the water heater's specification sheet for pressure drop information.
At 3.5 gpm (13.2 l/m), the pressure drop of the water heaters are: 11.8 ft (5.1 psi)
Water tubing size, length, and material. Refer to the water tubing manufacturer for pressure drop information as it differs from one material to the next and at different sizes. There may be additional application requirements by the water tubing manufacturer.
- Fittings. Refer to the fitting manufacturer for pressure drop information.

Additional considerations are:

- Installing an air elimination device to remove air that may cause cavitation in the pump.
- A thermostatic mixing valve for the domestic system. Refer to the mixing valve manufacturer for proper selection and installation. To reduce the risk of scalding, install Thermostatic Mixing Valves (temperature limiting valves) at each point of use.
- A priority control device, such as a flow switch, to prioritize the domestic water system over the heating system.

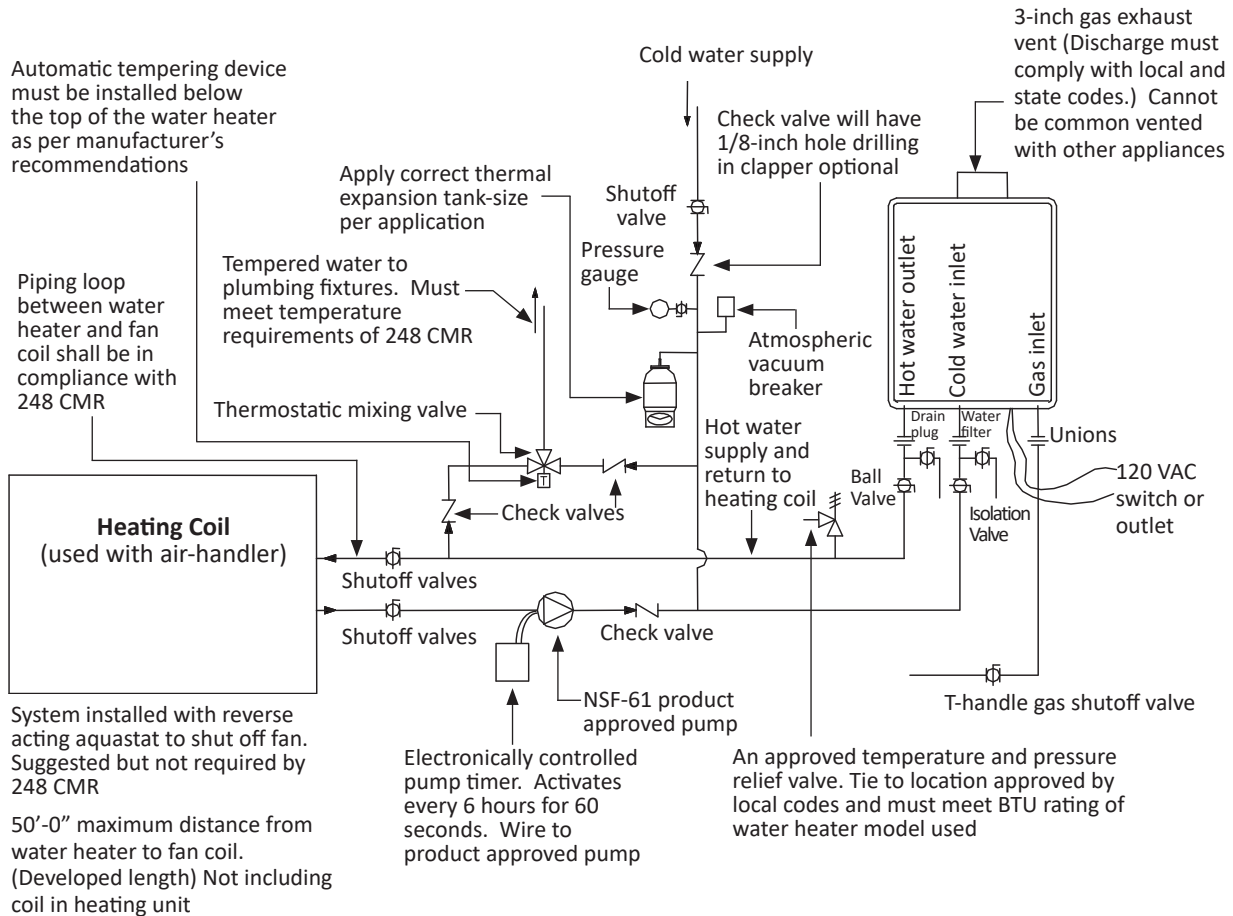
Below is a suggested piping layout. The installer must properly install the system per manufacturers instructions and local codes.



-Dual Purpose Water Heating for the State of Massachusetts-

Diagrammatic layout of radiant heating and domestic water heater.

All water piping should be insulated in accordance with 780 CMR (Massachusetts energy code)



The recirculation pump is to provide no less than 2 GPM (7.5 L/min) and no more than 4 GPM (15 L/min) through each activated unit in the system

NOTICE

- **Priority Control Devices** such as a flow switch, an Aquastat or other electronic controller can be used to prioritize the domestic water system over the heating system.
- Follow all local codes, or in the absence of local codes, follow the current edition of the National Standard Code, ANSI Z21.10.3 • CSA 4.3.
- This illustration is a concept design only. The reference to the 1/8th hole in check is only for the State of Massachusetts. There are a wide variety of variations to the application of controls and equipment presented. Designers must add all necessary safety and auxiliary equipment to conform to code requirements and design practice. For more details, contact the manufacturer.

INITIAL OPERATION

FOR YOUR SAFETY, READ BEFORE OPERATING

- **Check the GAS and WATER CONNECTIONS** for leaks before firing unit for the first time.
- Open the main gas supply valve to the unit using only your hand to avoid any spark. Never use tools. If the knob will not turn by hand, do not try to force it; call a qualified service technician. Forced repair may result in a fire or explosion due to gas leaks.
- Be sure to check for the presence of leaking gas toward the bottom of the unit because some gases are heavier than air and may settle towards the floor.
- **Check the GAS PRESSURE.** Refer to pages 29 and 52.
- Do not try to light the burner manually. It is equipped with an electronic ignition device which automatically lights the burner.
- **Check for PROPER VENTING and COMBUSTION AIR** to the water heater.
- **Purge the GAS and WATER LINES** to remove any air pockets.
- Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately contact a qualified installer or service agency to replace a flooded water heater. Do not attempt to repair the unit! It must be replaced!



WARNING

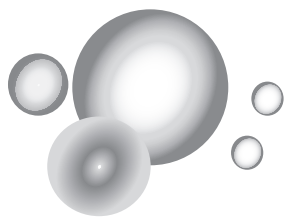
IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- Do not try to start the water heater.
- Do not touch any electric switches; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Failure to observe these warnings could lead to fire or an explosion, resulting in severe injury or death.

	Operation	
1.	Once the above checks have been completed, please clean filter of any debris. Refer to page 53 for instructions.	
2.	Fully open the manual water control valve on the water supply line.	
3.	Open a hot water tap to verify that water is flowing to that tap, then close the hot water tap.	
4.	Fully open the manual gas control valve installed.	
5.	Turn on the 120 VAC, 60 Hz power supply to the water heater.	

NOTE:

Temperature limiting devices, such as mixing valves, must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures.



Owner's Guide

CONGRATULATIONS

Congratulations and thank you for choosing our tankless water heater. Before use, we recommend that you read through this owner's guide carefully. Keep this manual for future reference.

If you need an additional manual, contact the manufacturer or your local distributor. You may also download a manual from our website. When you call, please tell us the product name and the serial number of your unit written on the rating plate of the water heater.

OPERATING SAFETY

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

A. This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.

B. BEFORE OPERATING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

C. Use only your hand to turn the gas shutoff valve. Never use tools. If the valve will not turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately contact a qualified installer or service agency to replace a flooded water heater. Do not attempt to repair the unit! It must be replaced!

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. STOP! Read the safety information above on this label.
2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
3. Do not attempt to light the burner by hand.
4. Turn the gas shutoff valve located on the outside of the unit to the closed position.
5. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above on this label. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
6. Turn the gas shutoff valve located on the outside of the unit to the open position.
7. Turn on all electrical power to the appliance.
8. If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions in "To Turn Off Gas to Appliance," and call your service technician or gas supplier.

TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

1. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.
2. Turn the gas shutoff valve located on the outside of the unit to the closed position.

⚠ DANGER



Vapors from flammable liquids will explode and catch fire causing death or severe burns.

Do not use or store flammable products such as gasoline, solvents or adhesives in the same room or area near the water heater.



Do not install water heater where flammable products will be stored or used unless the main burner is at least 18" above the floor. This will reduce, but not eliminate the risk of vapors being ignited by the main burner.

FLAMMABLES

Read and follow water heater warnings and instructions. If the owner's manual is missing, contact the retailer or manufacturer.

Keep flammable products:

1. Far away from heater.
2. In approved containers.
3. Tightly closed and out of reach of children.
4. Water heater has a main burner, which may come on at any time and will ignite flammable vapors.

Vapors:

1. Cannot be seen.
2. Are heavier than air.
3. Go a long way on the floor.
4. Can be carried from other rooms to the main burner by air currents.

⚠ DANGER

1. Water temperature over 125°F (52°C) can cause severe burns instantly or death from scalds.
2. Children, disabled and elderly are at highest risk of being scalded.
3. Feel water before bathing or showering.
4. Temperature limiting valves are available. See manual.
5. Temperature limiting devices, such as mixing valves, must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures.
6. The outlet temperature of the water heater is set at 120°F (50°C). If you require water temperatures below this setting, follow the instruction manual.
7. Use this heater at your own risk. Test the water before bathing or showering. Do not leave children or an infirm person unsupervised. See your local water supply company [plumbing hardware retailer] for temperature limiting valves that are available.



A pressure relief valve listed as complying with the standard for Relief Valve and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply System, ANSI Z21.22 • CSA 4.4, shall be installed at the time of installation of the water heater in the location specified by the manufacturer. Local codes shall govern the installation of relief devices for safety operation of the water heater. The relief valve must not be removed or plugged.

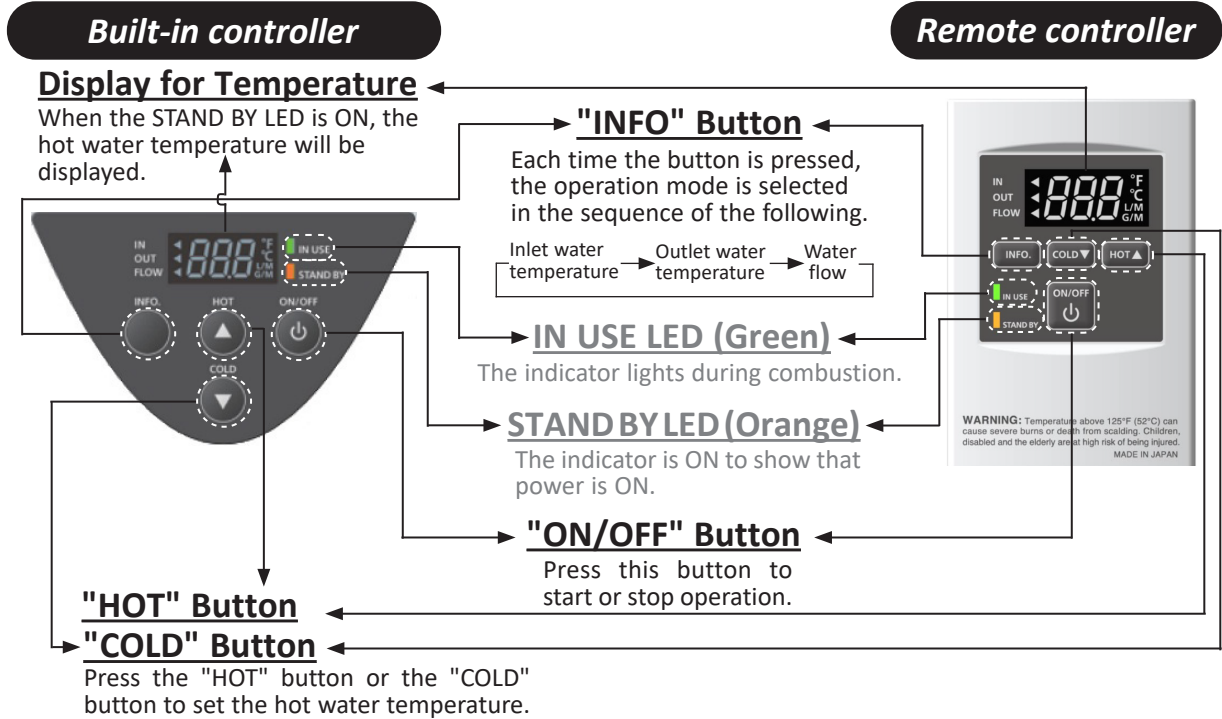
No valve shall be placed between the relief valve and the water heater. The relief from the discharge of the pressure relief valve shall be disposed of in a suitable place where it will cause no damage. Also, there shall be no other reducing coupling or other restrictions installed on the discharge line to restrict flow.

See Installation Manual heading "PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES" for installation and maintenance of relief valve discharge line and other safety precautions.

NORMAL OPERATION

BUILT-IN CONTROLLER AND REMOTE CONTROLLER

The illustration below shows an example of the controllers. The exact display may differ from examples.



NOTICE

- When the remote controller is installed it will take priority over the built-in controller.
- The controller has an energy saving mode. Five minutes after the water heater stops operating, the backlight of the controller turns off.
- The backlight of the remote will turn back on once the water heater begins firing again.

GENERAL

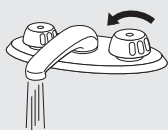


WARNING

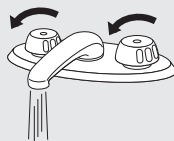
- Temperatures above 125 °F (52 °C) can cause severe burns or death from scalding. Children, disabled and the elderly are at high risk of being injured.
- Temperature limiting devices such as mixing valves must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures.

°F	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155
°C	49	52	54	57	60	63	66	68
Time to produce serious burn	more than 5 min.	1½ to 2 min.	about 30 sec.	about 10 sec.	less than 5 sec.	less than 3 sec.	about 1½ sec.	about 1 sec.

1. Open a cold water fixture.



2. Mix hot water with the cold water to get the correct temperature water.



3. When finished, close the water fixtures.



NOTICE

- Flow rate to activate the water heater: 0.5 gallon per minute at the default set temperature (1.9 L/min).
- Flow rate to keep the water heater running: 0.4 gallon per minute (1.5 L/min).

OUTLET WATER TEMPERATURE SETTING

-Set temperature

	Operation	Screen on the controller	
		Built-in controller	Remote controller
1.	Turn on the 120 VAC power supply to the unit (the water heater or the multi-unit controller).		
2.	Press the "ON/OFF" button on the controller in order to turn the controller on.		
3.	When ON, the STAND BY LED is lit.		
4.	It shows the set temperature on its display as shown in the picture on the right. (EX.: 120 °F)	 (EX.: 120 °F)	
5.	Press the "HOT" button or the "COLD" button to set the temperature setting of the unit.	 	 
	⚠WARNING! Higher temperatures increase the risk of scalding, but even at 120 °F (50 °C), hot water can scald (page 6). Increasing temperature from 120 °F (50 °C) to 125 °F (52 °C) : 1. Press the "HOT" button to set 120 °F (50 °C). 2. Press and hold the "INFO" button and the "HOT" button for at least 3 seconds. The remote will change to 125 °F (52 °C). 3. Press the "HOT" button to set up to 140 °F (60 °C).		
	Increasing temperature above 140 °F (60 °C) Temperature limiting devices such as mixing valves must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures. 1. Press the "HOT" button to set 140 °F (60 °C). 2. Press and hold the "INFO" button and the "HOT" button for at least 3 seconds. The remote will change to 145 °F (63 °C). 3. Press the "HOT" button to set up to 185 °F (85 °C).	 	 

TEMPERATURE TABLE OF CONTROLLER

°F	100	105	110	115	120*	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	175	185
°C	38	40	43	45	50*	52	55	57	60	63	65	68	70	75	80	85

*Factory setting (Default): 120 °F

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

-Information mode-

You can get some information about the water heater condition by pressing the **"INFO"** button. For more information, follow the procedures below:

INFO Button	Operation	Screen on the controller	
		Built-in controller	Remote controller
1st. press	Inlet water temperature will be displayed on the controller by pressing the "INFO" button.	 Inlet water temperature (EX.: 60 °F)	
2nd. press	Outlet water temperature will be displayed on the controller by pressing the "INFO" button.	 Outlet water temperature (EX.: 120 °F)	
3rd. press	And then, water flow will be displayed on the controller by pressing the "INFO" button.	 Water flow (EX.: 3.5 GPM)	
4th. press	Press the "INFO" button to finish information mode.		

-Unit conversion mode-

Units of measure can be changed from Imperial to Metric and vice versa. For example, temperature can be changed from °F to °C. Flow rate will also change from gallons per minute to liters per minute when this setting is changed. Follow this procedure to change this setting:

	Operation	Screen on the controller	
		Built-in controller	Remote controller
1.	Press the "ON/OFF" button on the controller in order to turn the controller on.		
2.	When ON, the orange LED is lit.		
3.	The previous set temperature will be displayed on the screen.	 (EX.: 100 °F)	
4.	Press the "INFO" buttons for at least 3 seconds.		
5.	The set temperature should now be displayed in the alternate unit of measurement.	 (EX.: 38 °C)	

NOTICE

When the water heater is connected with the remote controller, the built-in controller will not operate temperature settings. It will only work for the information mode (Indoor model only).

TEMPERATURE SETTINGS ON THE PCB

(WITHOUT REMOTE CONTROLLER)



WARNING

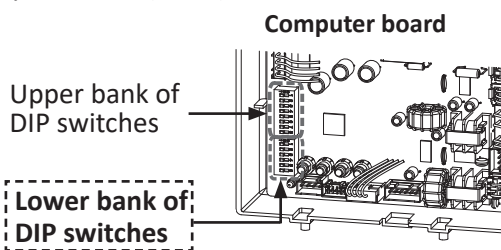
- Adjust the appropriate DIP switches according to model and temperature as shown below. **DO NOT** adjust the other DIP switches.
- Turn off the power supply to the water heater before changing the DIP switch settings.
- Failure to observe these warnings could lead to carbon monoxide poisoning, severe personal injury, or death.

- There are 2 preset temperatures, 120 °F (50 °C) and 140 °F (60 °C), that you can select by changing the DIP switch settings on the computer board without the remote controller. See below.
- Temperature limiting devices such as mixing valves must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures.
- When the remote controller is in normal operation, the set temperature of the remote controller is given priority over the set temperature of the DIP switch settings.

The temperature has been preset at the factory to 120 °F (50 °C).

(Lower bank of DIP switches)

120 °F (50 °C) DEFAULT	140 °F (60 °C)
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 OFF ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒ ☐ No. 5 : OFF	ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 OFF ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒ ☐ No. 5 : ON



NOTE: The dark squares indicate the correct DIP switch positions.

FREEZE PROTECTION SYSTEM

- This water heater comes equipped with heating blocks to protect it from damage associated with freezing. When the freeze protection thermostat senses air temperature below 36.5 °F (2.5 °C), the blocks will heat up to prevent freezing of the unit.
- CT-199 Indoor briefly fires on for about 3 seconds to provide freeze protection around the heat exchanger drum - Automatic firing system. Once 5 minutes have elapsed since the CT-199 Indoor previous firing operation, the computer will continually check the temperature of the exhaust thermistor. The freeze protection firing system will activate if: $T_{ex} < 32\text{ °F}$ (0 °C) (where T_{ex} is the temperature of exhaust thermistor.)
- To operate these freeze protection systems, there has to be electrical power to the unit. Damage to the heat exchanger caused by freezing temperatures due to power loss is not covered under the warranty. In cases where power losses can occur, consider the use of a backup power supply. In the event of a power outage during freezing conditions, the manufacturer recommends draining water (page 53) from the water heater and disconnecting power.
- In any areas subject to freezing temperatures, the manufacturer highly recommends an indoor installation with an indoor model.
- The manufacturer also highly recommends the use of a backflow preventer (sold separately) to minimize the amount of cold air entering through the exhaust venting when the water heater is off.
- It is the installer's responsibility to be aware of freezing issues and take all preventative measures. The manufacturer will not be responsible for any damage to the heat exchanger as a result of freezing.
- If you will not be using your heater for a long period of time:
 1. Completely drain the water out of the unit. Refer to page 53.
 2. Disconnect power to your heater.

This will keep your unit from freezing and being damaged.

NOTICE

Only pipes within the water heater are protected by the freeze protection system. Any water pipes (hot or cold) located outside the unit will not be protected. Properly protect and insulate these pipes from freezing.

FLOW

- The flow rate through the water heater is limited to a maximum of 10.0 GPM (38 L/min) for the CT-199.
- The temperature setting, along with the supply temperature of the water will determine the flow rate output of the unit.
- Please refer to the temperature vs. gallons per minute charts on page 64 to determine the likely flow rates based on your local ground water temperature and your desired outlet water temperature.

MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE

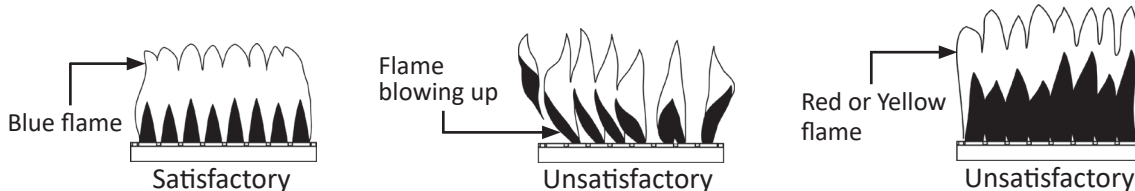


WARNING

- Turn off the electrical power supply and close the manual gas shutoff valve and the manual water control valve before servicing.
- Failure to do so could result in severe personal injury, or death.

The following maintenance is required for the proper operation of water heaters.

- Regularly ensure that the area around the water heater, vent termination, and air intake is free from dust, debris, and other contaminants.
- Be sure that all openings for combustion and ventilation air are not blocked.
- The venting system should be checked annually for any leaks, corrosion, blockages or damage.
- The screen of the termination (if it is installed) must be inspected regularly that it is no blocked by any object and debris including dust, dirt, and snow so on.
- Keep the area around the water heater clear. Remove any combustible materials, gasoline or any flammable vapors and liquids.
- Clean the cold-water inlet filter. (Refer to Inlet Water Filter Cleaning in the following.)
- If the relief valve discharges periodically, it may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water supply system. Contact a service technician to correct this issue.
- The pressure relief valve must be manually operated periodically to check for correct operation. Before operating the valve manually, check that it will discharge in a place for secure disposal.
- Condensate drain system must be inspected regularly to make sure it drains properly and accordance with local code or the part manufacturer's instructions. (Refer to pages 32 and 33.)
- The burner should be checked annually for dust, lint, grease or dirt by a licensed technician.
- Visually check the burner flames (see below) through the burner window in the burner assembly located at the middle of the water heater.



The manufacturer recommends having the unit checked once a year or as necessary by a licensed technician. If repairs are needed, any repairs should be done by a licensed technician.

MEASURING INLET GAS PRESSURE

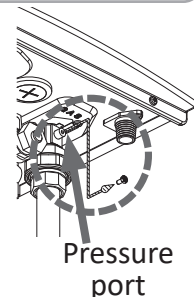


WARNING

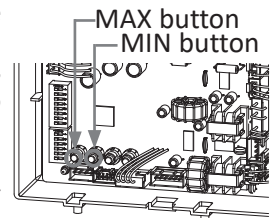
1. Turn off all electric power to the water heater if service is to be performed.
2. Turn the manual gas valve located on the outside of the unit to the off position.
3. Failure to follow these steps could lead to fire or explosion, resulting in personal injury or death.

The water heater cannot perform properly without sufficient inlet gas pressure. Below are instructions on how to check the inlet gas pressure. **ONLY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL SHOULD PERFORM THE PROCEDURE BELOW.**

1. Shut off the manual gas valve on the gas supply line.
2. Remove the screw from the pressure port which is located on the gas inlet of the water heater shown in the diagram on the right.
3. Connect the manometer to the pressure port and zero the manometer.
4. Re-open the manual gas valve. Verify that there are no gas leaks.



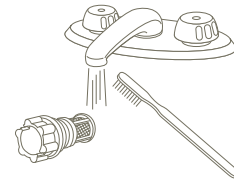
- With all gas burning equipment off, take a reading of the static gas pressure and make a note of it.
- Measure gas supply pressure at maximum heater operation: Open hot water faucets to create maximum flow. Press the MAX button on the computer board. (Refer to the diagrams on the right.) Take a reading of the supply dynamic gas pressure with all gas burning equipment running at maximum rate.
- The static and dynamic pressures should be within the ranges specified on the heater's rating plate and the table on page 29.
- The difference of static to dynamic pressure should not exceed 1.5" W.C. Pressure drops that exceed 1.5" W.C. can indicate restricted gas flow, undersized gas lines, and/or undersized supply regulators. (NOTICE: In Canada, the pressure drops cannot exceed those specified in CSA B149.1.)
- Measure gas supply pressure at minimum heater operation: Reduce water flow so the heater is running at minimal operation. Press the MIN button on the computer board. (Refer to the diagrams below.) Take a supply gas pressure reading and verify that it is within the specified inlet gas pressure range.



INLET WATER FILTER CLEANING

If this filter is clogged, water will not be supplied to the water heater properly.

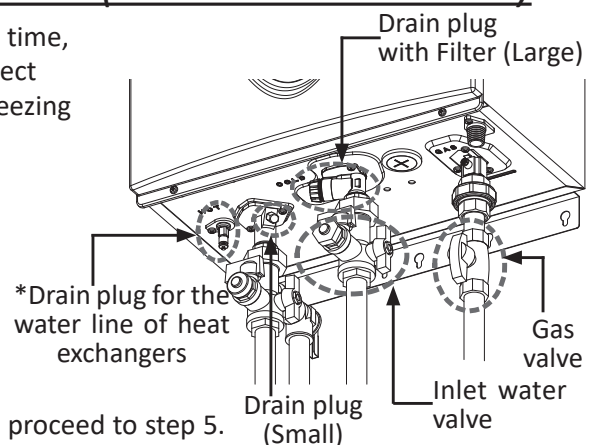
- Close the manual gas shutoff valve.
- Turn off power to the unit and wait a couple of seconds. Turn on again.
- Wait 30 seconds, and then turn off power to the unit.
- Close the **inlet** water valve. If the heater is part of an Easy-Link or Multi-Unit System, close the inlet and outlet water valves to isolate the heater. Then proceed to step 5.
- Open all hot water taps in the house. When the residual water flow has ceased, close all hot water taps.
- Have a bucket or pan to catch the water from the unit's large drain plug with filter. If isolation valves are installed, open the drains to drain the water. If isolation valves are not installed, **unscrew** the large drain plug to drain all the water out of the unit. Do not lose the o-ring that will be on the large drain plug.
- Wait a few minutes to ensure all water has completely drained from the unit.
- Clean the filter:** Check the water filter located within the cold inlet. With a tiny brush, clean the water filter of any debris which may have accumulated and reinsert the filter back into the cold water inlet.
- Securely screw the drain plug back into place. **Hand-tighten only.**



UNIT DRAINING & POWER OUTAGE (FREEZE PROTECTION)

If you will not be using your heater for a long period of time, drain the water out of the unit completely and disconnect power to your heater to keep the water heater from freezing and being damaged.

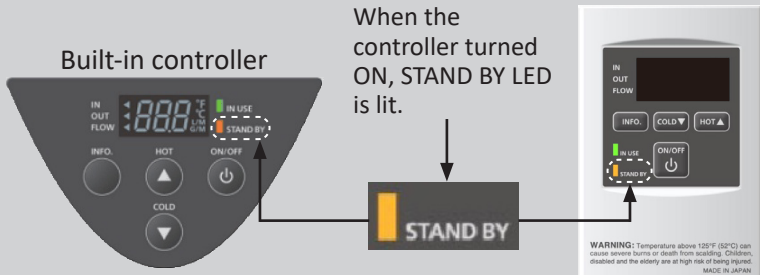
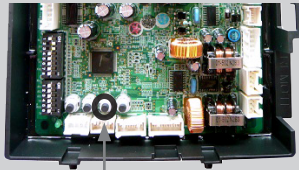
- Close the manual gas shutoff valve.
- Turn off power to the unit and wait a couple of seconds. Turn on again.
- Wait 30 seconds, and then turn off power to the unit.
- Close the **inlet** water valve. If the heater is part of an Easy-Link or Multi-Unit System, close the inlet and outlet water valves to isolate the heater. Then proceed to step 5.
- Open all hot water taps in the house. When the residual water flow has ceased, close all hot water taps.
- Have a bucket or pan to catch the water from the unit's drain plugs. If isolation valves are installed, open the drains to drain the water. If isolation valves are not installed, unscrew the filters and open the pressure relief valve to drain all the water out of the unit. Do not lose the o-rings that will be on the two filter caps.
- In addition to the large and small drain plugs, the model has another drain plug that drains the small line that covers the water line between the primary and secondary heat exchangers*. Unscrew this drain plug to drain the water line as well.
- Securely screw the drain plugs back into place. **Hand-tighten only.**



TROUBLESHOOTING

GENERAL

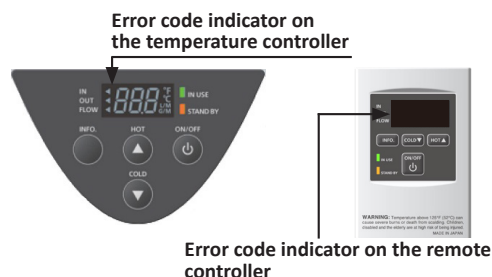
	PROBLEM	SOLUTIONS
TEMPERATURE and AMOUNT OF HOT WATER	It takes a long time to get hot water at the fixtures.	- The time it takes to deliver hot water from the water heater to your fixtures depends on the length of piping between the two. The longer the distance or the bigger the pipes, the longer it will take to get hot water. - If you would like to receive hot water to your fixtures more quickly you may want to consider a hot water recirculation system. (p. 40)
	The water is not hot enough.	- Compare the flow and temperature. See the charts on p. 64. - Check cross plumbing between the cold water lines and hot water lines. - Is the gas supply valve open fully? (p. 44) - Is the gas line sized properly? (p. 29) - Is the gas supply pressure sufficient? (pp. 29 and 52) - Is the set temperature set too low? (pp. 49 and 51) - Check if the mixing valves are set correctly if they are installed.
	The water is too hot.	Is the set temperature set too high? (pp. 49 and 51)
	The hot water is not available when a fixture is opened.	- Make sure the unit has 120 VAC, 60 Hz power supply. - If you are using the remote controller and/or temperature controller, is the power button turned on? - Is the gas supply valve open fully? (p. 44) - Is the water supply valve open fully? (p. 44) - Is the filter on the cold water inlet clean? (p. 53) - Is the hot water fixture sufficiently open to draw at least 0.5 GPM (1.9 L/min) through the water heater? (p. 48) - Is the unit frozen? (p. 51) - Is there enough gas in the tank / cylinder? (For Propane models)
	The hot water turns cold and stays cold.	- Is the flow rate enough to keep the water heater running? (p. 48) - If there is a recirculation system installed, does the recirculation line have enough check valves? (p. 40) - Is the gas supply valve open fully? (p. 44) - Is the filter on the cold water inlet clean? (p. 53) - Are the fixtures clean of debris and obstructions? - Check if the flow rate is too low. (p. 48)
	Fluctuation in hot water temperature.	- Is the filter on the cold water inlet clean? (p. 53) - Is the gas line sized properly? (p. 29) - Is the supply gas pressure sufficient? (pp. 29 and 52) - Check for cross connection between the cold water lines and hot water lines.
WATER HEATER	Unit does not ignite when water goes through the unit.	- Is the flow rate over 0.5 GPM (1.9 L/min)? (p. 48) - Check for the filter on the cold water inlet. (p. 53) - Check for reverse connection and cross connection. - If you use the remote controller and/or temperature controller, is the power button turned on? - Check if the inlet temperature is too high. If it is too close to the set temperature, the water heater will not activate.
	The fan motor is still spinning after operation has stopped.	This is normal. After operation has stopped, the fan motor keeps running from 15 to 70 seconds in order to re-ignite quickly, as well as purge all the exhaust gas out of the flue.
	Unit sounds abnormal while in operation	Contact the manufacturer at 1-877-737-2840 (USA) 1-888-479-8324 (Canada).

	PROBLEM	SOLUTIONS
BUILT-IN CONTROLLER AND REMOTE CONTROLLER	Controller does not display anything when the power button is turned on.	- Make sure the unit is supplied with power. - Make sure the connection to the unit is correct. (pp. 35 and 36) NOTICE: When the unit has not operated for five minutes or more, the display of the controllers turns off to conserve energy. When the controller turned ON, STAND BY LED is lit.  Although the controller of the parent unit will display the set temperature at the Easy-Link System, the controller of the child unit will not display the set temperature.
	An ERROR code is displayed.	Please see pp. 55 to 58.
EASY-LINK SYSTEM	How are the unit numbers assigned?	- For an Easy-Link System, the Parent unit is always labeled #1 and all other subsequent Child units are numbered randomly. - To check which numbers are assigned to which Child units, push the increase button on the computer board of any Child unit as shown below. The unit number will be displayed on the temperature controller of the Child unit and/or the remote controller of the Child unit, if installed. (Refer to pp. 37 and 38.)  Increase button to check unit number

ERROR CODES

-General-

- The units have self-diagnostic functions for safety and convenience when troubleshooting.
- If there is a problem with the installation or the unit, the error code will be displayed on the built-in controller and remote controller. The green LED on the computer board will flash in a pattern shown on the next page.
- Consult the table on the following pages for the description of each error code.



Error code on the computer board

Indicated by 1/2-second flashes on the Green LED.

-Single unit Installation-

Example: If your unit has a "321" error code (which signifies an inlet thermistor failure)

- Indicator on the built-in controller or remote controller : "321" will be displayed on the screen.



Error code

- Green LED on the computer board:** The green LED on the computer board will indicate this code with two flashes with a 1/2 second pause in between. The pattern will repeat with a three second pause between patterns.

Error code	Green LED
321	

Error Indication

Error Code on the temperature controller	The number of flashes	Green LED
		Flash pattern
031 701 711	One	
311 321 331 341 391 441	Two	
111 121	Three	
611 651 661	Four	
101 291 941 991	Five	
510 551 721	Six	

0.5 sec. on, 0.5 sec. off 3 sec. off

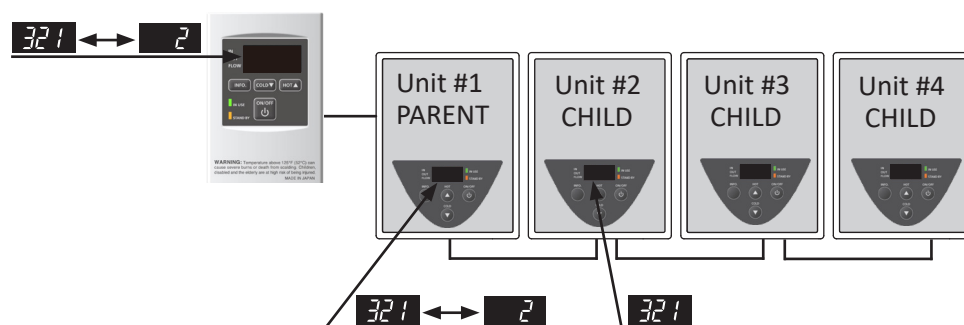
-Easy-Link System-

Error codes will be displayed differently with units installed in an Easy-Link System. The built-in/remote controller installed in a PARENT unit will show both the error code and which unit has the error code. Below is an example of how an error code of "321" is displayed in an Easy-Link System.

Example: If Unit #2 has the "321" error code (inlet thermistor failure)

Indoor model installation

Indicator on the built-in and/or remote controller of Parent unit*: "321" and "2" will alternately flash on the display.

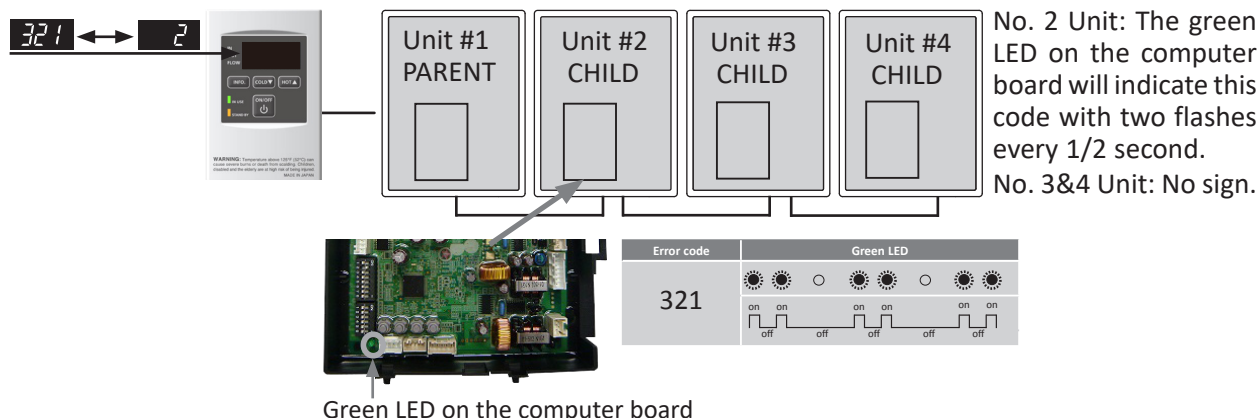


Unit #2: "321" will flash intermittently on the display. The green LED on the computer board will flash twice, just like in the single unit example.
Unit #3 and #4: These units will not display anything.

*If the remote controller is connected to the Parent unit, the remote controller has priority over the built-in controllers.

Outdoor model installation

Indicator on the remote controller of Parent unit (If it is installed): "321" and "2" will alternately flash on the display.



-Fault Analysis of Error Codes-

If the error code is displayed on the computer board of the water heater or remote controller and/or temperature controller, please check the following. After checking, **consult with the manufacturer**.

Remote	Green LED	Malfunction description	Diagnosis
031	One Flash	Incorrect DIP switch setting	Check the DIP switch settings on the PCB (Part #701).
101	Five Flashes	Warning for the "991" error code	- Ensure the gas type of the water heater matches the gas supplied. - Inspect the environment around the water heater. Determine how long the unit has been installed. - Ensure the heater altitude DIP switches are properly set to match the installed altitude. - Check if there is any blockage in the intake air and/or exhaust. - If the water heater is installed as a direct-vent system, check whether there is enough distance between the intake air terminal and the exhaust terminal. - Check if there is grease and/or dirt in the burner (Part #101) and the fan motor (Part #103), especially if the water heater has been installed in a contaminated area.
111*	Three Flashes	Ignition failure	- Check if the Hi-limit switch (Part #412) is properly functioning. - Check for connection/breakage of wires (Part #413, 708, 709, 711) burn marks on the computer board (Part #701), and/or soot on the flame rod (Part #108). - Check if there is a buzzing spark ignition sound coming from the burner (Part #101) when the water heater prepares for combustion. - Listen for the double "clunk" sound coming from gas valve assembly (Part #102) when water heater goes into combustion. - Check if there is leaking from heat exchanger (Part #401).
121*	Three Flashes	Loss of flame	- Check if the Hi-limit switch (Part #412) is functioning properly. - Check for connection/breakage of wires (Part #413, 708, 709, 711) burn marks on the computer board (Part #701), and/or soot on the flame rod (Part #108). - Check if there is leaking from heat exchanger (Part #401).
291	Five Flashes	Blocked condensate drain system	- Check for and remove any blockage in the condensate drain line, neutralizer (if installed), condensate drain assembly inside the water heater (part #416, 421, 423). - Ensure that any horizontal drain line runs are sloped downward. Removal any sags in the drain line.
311*	Two Flashes	Heat exchanger thermistor failure	Check for connection/breakage of wires and/or debris on thermistor (Part #407, 408, 411, 715).
321*	Two Flashes	Inlet thermistor failure	

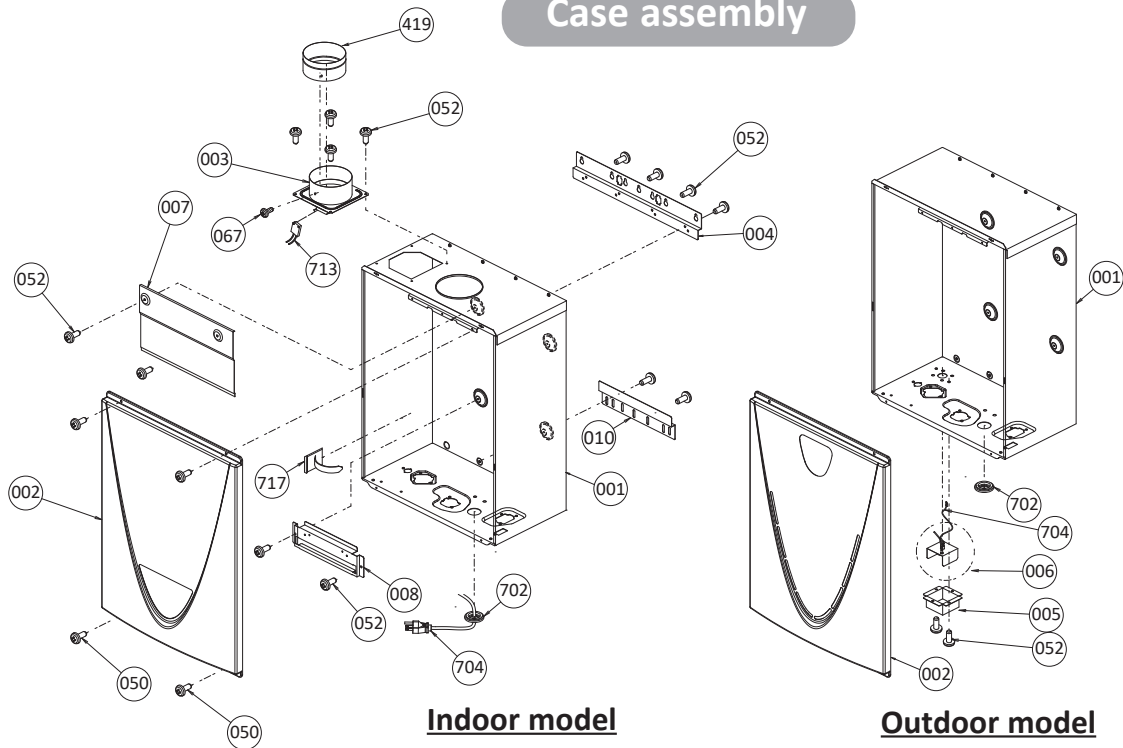
*These error codes will be cleared when water flow stops.

Remote	Green LED	Malfunction description	Diagnosis
331*	Two Flashes	Outlet thermistor failure	Check for connection/breakage of wires and/or debris on thermistor (Part #407, 408, 411, 715).
341*	Two Flashes	Exhaust thermistor failure (Indoor model only)	
391*	Two Flashes	Air-fuel ratio rod failure	Check for connection/breakage of wires (Part #709) and/or soot on the AFR rod (Part #108).
441	Two Flashes	Flow sensor failure (Easy-Link System only)	Check for connection/breakage of wires and/or debris on the flow sensor impeller (Part #402).
510	Six Flashes	Abnormal main gas solenoid valve	Check for connection/breakage of wires (Part #708) and/or burn marks on the computer board (Part #701).
551	Six Flashes	Abnormal gas solenoid valve	Check for connection/breakage of wires (Part #708) and/or burn marks on the computer board (Part #701).
611*	Four Flashes	Fan motor fault	- Check for connection/breakage of wires, dust buildup in the fan motor (Part #103) and/or burn marks on the computer board (Part #701). - Check for frozen/corrosion of connectors (Part #103).
651*	Four Flashes	Flow adjustment valve fault (Easy-Link System only)	Inspect the flow adjustment valve (Part #402), for connection/breakage of wires, locked motor drive due to scale buildup, and/or water leakage.
661*	Four Flashes	Bypass valve fault	Inspect the bypass valve (Part #403), for connection/breakage of wires, locked motor drive due to scale buildup, and/or water leakage.
701*	One Flash	Computer board fault	Check for connection/breakage of wires (Part #714).
711*	One Flash	Gas solenoid valve drive circuit failure	Refer to the 111 and 121 error codes.
721*	Six Flashes	False flame detection	- For indoor model, check if condensate drain is installed on the vent collar of the water heater. - Check if there is leaking from heat exchanger (Part #401).
741	N/A	Miscommunication between water heater and remote controller	- Check the model type of the remote controller. - Inspect the connections between the water heater and remote controller. - Check the power supply of the water heater.
751	N/A	Miscommunication between water heater and temperature controller (Indoor model only)	- Inspect the connections between the water heater and temperature controller. - Check the power supply of the water heater.
761	N/A	Miscommunication in Easy-Link System	Check if the connections between the parent unit and the child units are correct. Refer to p. 37 to 38.
941	Five Flashes	Abnormal exhaust temperature (Indoor model only)	- Check if the set temperature is higher than 140 °F (60 °C) and the system is Recirculation. - Check for connection/breakage of wires, dust buildup in the fan motor (Part #103). - Check for connection/breakage of wires of the hi-limit switch for exhaust (Part #472, 721).
991	Five Flashes	Imperfect combustion	- Check the gas type of the water heater. - Inspect the environment around the water heater. Determine how long the unit has been installed. - Check the altitude/elevation of the area where the water heater is installed. - Check if there is any blockage in the intake air and/or exhaust. - If the water heater is installed as a direct-vent system, check whether there is enough distance between the intake air terminal and the exhaust terminal. - Check if there is grease and/or dirt in the burner (Part #101) and the fan motor (Part #103), especially if the water heater has been installed in a contaminated area.

*These error codes will be cleared when water flow stops.

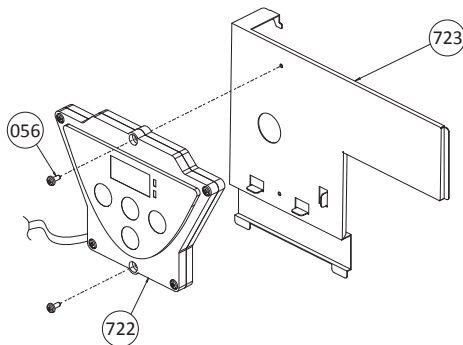
COMPONENTS DIAGRAM

Case assembly

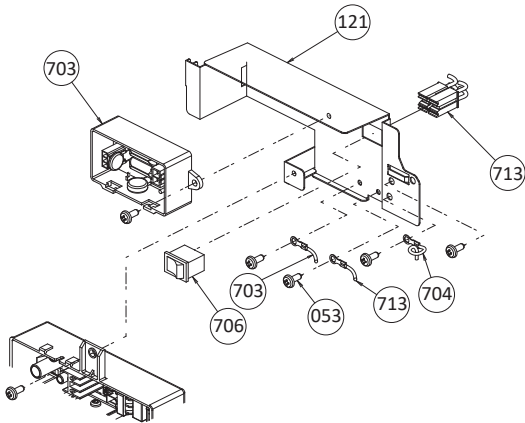


Built-in controller

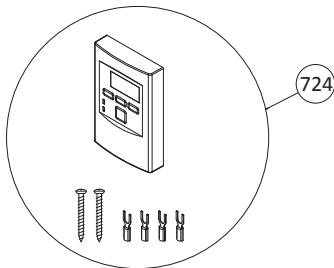
Indoor model



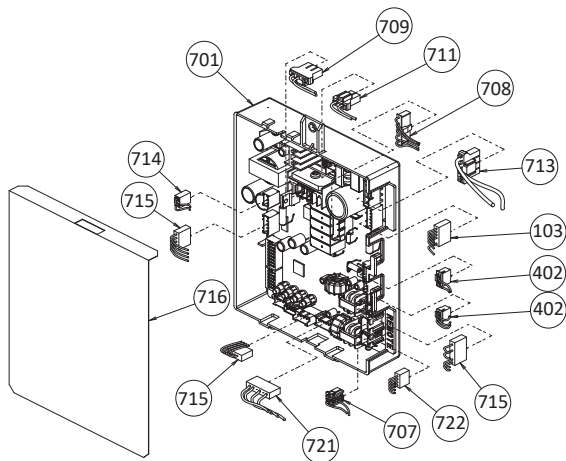
Surge box assembly



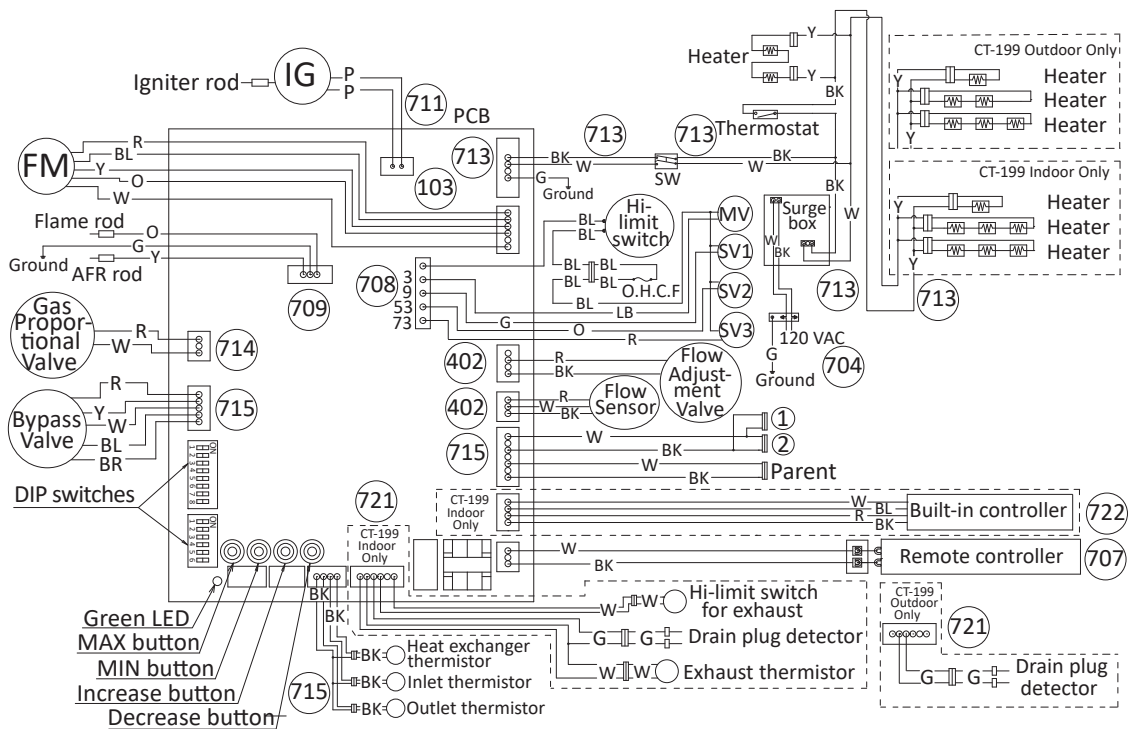
Temperature remote controller



Computer board assembly



Wiring diagram







PARTS LIST

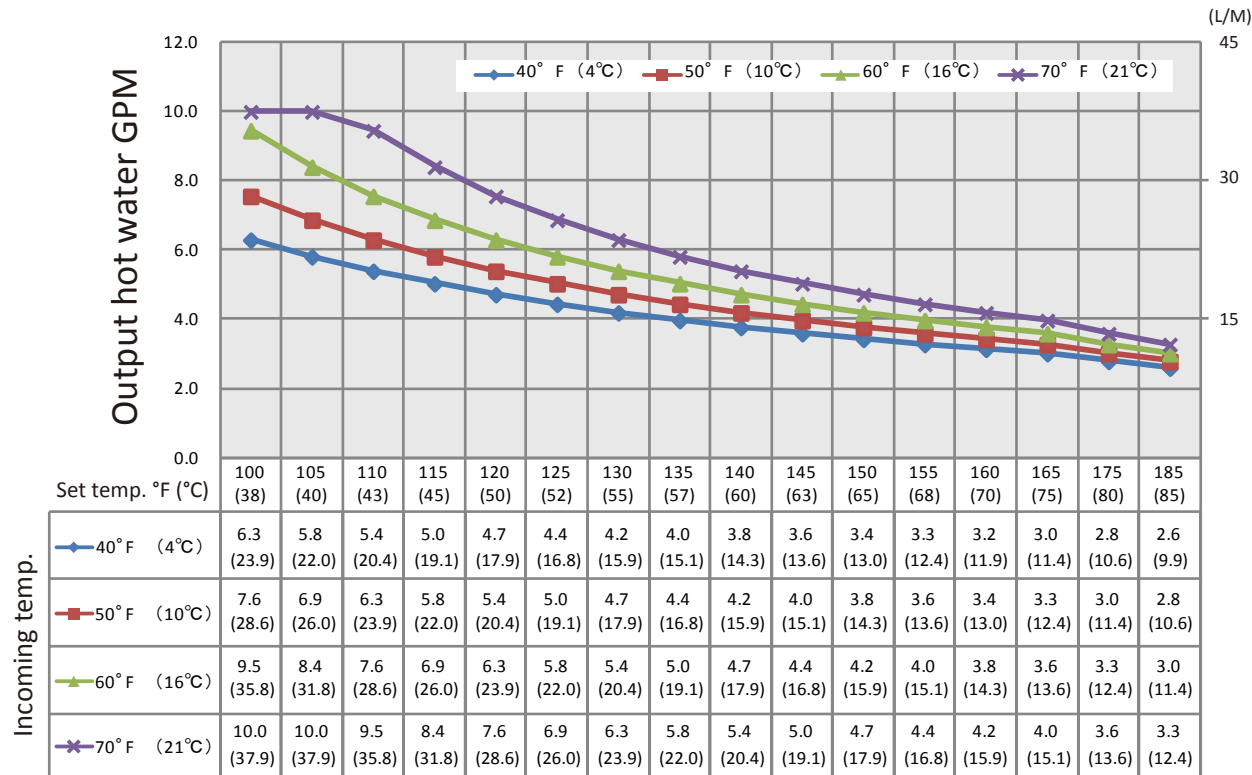
Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #
001	Case assembly for Indoor model for Outdoor model	N/A N/A	119	Gas inlet ring	100074526
002	Front cover for Indoor for Outdoor	100074665 100074666	121	Surge box plate	N/A
003	Intake air port assembly	100074667	150	O-ring P18 NBR (Black)	100074533
004	Upper bracket	N/A	151	O-ring P20 NBR (Black)	100074242
005	Junction box	100074668	152	Silicon ring for Outdoor model	100074678
006	Power supply cord assembly	100074669	153	Exhaust port for Outdoor model	100074679
007	Back guard panel	N/A	401	Primary heat exchanger assembly	100074699
008	Chamber fixing plate	N/A	402	Flow adjustment valve/Flow sensor	100074624
009	Condensate drain port	100074203	403	Bypass valve	100074625
010	Lower bracket	N/A	404	Water inlet	100074377
050	Truss screw M4x12 (W/Washer) SUS410	100074210	405	Inlet drain plug	100074381
051	Truss screw M4x10 (W/Washer)	100074509	406	Inlet water filter	100074382
052	Truss screw M4x10 (Coated) SUS3	100074211	407	Inlet thermistor	100074626
053	Truss screw M4x10 SUS	100074245	408	Outlet thermistor	100074374
054	Hex head screw M4x12 (W/Washer) SUS3	100074510	409	Water outlet	100074681
055	Hex head screw M4x8 FEZN	100074248	410	Outlet drain plug	100074383
056	Pan screw M4x20	N/A	411	Heat exchanger thermistor	100074281
057	Tap tight screw M4x12 FEZN	100074385	412	Hi-Limit switch	100074280
058	Pan head screw M3x6 SUS3	100074272	413	Overheat-cut-off fuse	100074334
059	Truss head screw M4x6 SUS3	100074512	414	Pipe heater	100074682
060	Tap tight screw M4x12	100076269	415	Inlet heater for Indoor model Inlet heater for Outdoor model	100074683 100074684
061	Screw M3x6 Plus bind FEZN	N/A	416	Drain plug detector assembly	100342423
062	Pan screw M4x8 MFZN	100074244	417	Inlet heater	100074629
063	Wire clamp 60	100074233	418	Secondary heat exchanger for Indoor Secondary heat exchanger for Outdoor	100074700 100074701
064	Screw M4x10	N/A	419	3" PVC adapter	100310706
065	Screw M3x6 SUS3	100074514	421	Upper drain tube	N/A
066	Pan screw M4x10	100074247	422	Band A	N/A
067	Pan screw M4x10 for 3" adapter	N/A	423	Lower drain tube	N/A
068	Plus truss P tight M3.5x12	N/A	426	Drain detector fixing plate	N/A
101	Burner assembly	100074670	450	Pipe heater fixing plate	100074273
102	Manifold with gas valve assembly LP Manifold with gas valve assembly NA	100074671 100074672	451	Heater fixing plate 16	100074310
103	Fan motor for Indoor model Fan motor for Outdoor model	100074606 100074228	452	Fuse fixing plate 18	100074251
104	Burner gasket	100074216	453	Fuse fixing plate 14	100074331
105	Fan damper for Indoor model	100074466	454	O-ring P4 FKM	100076303
106	Burner window	100074218	455	O-ring P6 FKM	100076305
107	Rod holder gasket	100074219	456	O-ring P14 FKM	100076306
108	Flame rod	100074673	457	O-ring P15 FKM	100076307
109	Igniter rod	100074222	458	O-ring P16 FKM	100076308
110	Rod holder	100074221	459	Fastener "4-11"	100074282
111	Rod cap	100074223	460	Fastener "14-22"	100074290
112	Burner damper LP Burner damper NA	100074674 100074675	461	Fastener "16A"	100074410
113	Manifold gasket A	100074229	462	Fastener "16-25A"	100074389
114	Manifold gasket B	100074230	463	Fastener "6-15"	100074297
115	Burner holder gasket	100074217	464	Flat heater	100074686
116	Pressure port	100074227	465	Drain tube	100074687
117	Combustion chamber tube	100074528	466	Cold pipe	100074689
118	Gas inlet	100074616			

Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #
467	Stainless heat exchanger out pipe	100074690	709	Flame rod wire	100074652
468	Header connection	100074691	711	Igniter assembly	100074640
469	Drain port	100074692	713	Switch wire with thermostat for Indoor	100342431
470	Thermistor fixing plate	100074291		Switch wire with thermostat for Outdoor	100342432
471	Exhaust thermistor gasket	100074296	714	Proportional gas valve wire	100074657
472	Hi-limit switch for exhaust	100074289	715	24V cables	100074658
473	Gasket	100074693	716	Computer board cover	100074375
701	Computer board	100342430	717	Cable clamp for Indoor	N/A
702	Rubber grommet	100076470	718	Exhaust thermistor for Indoor	100074316
703	Surge box	100076100	719	Remote fixing plate	100074644
704	120 VAC wire for Indoor	100074601	721	Exhaust Hi-limit switch wire for Indoor	100342433
	120 VAC wire for Outdoor	100074697		Drain plug wire	100342434
706	120 VAC Power ON-OFF switch	100074326	722	Temperature controller for Indoor	100287658
707	Remote controller wire	100074650	723	Fixing plate	100074661
708	Gas valve wire	100074651	724	Temperature remote controller	100112572
				Communication Cable (See P. 9)	100076516

OUTPUT TEMPERATURE CHART

The chart is based on properly sized gas lines and installation at 0-2,000 ft (0-610m). The water heater will de-rate approximately 4% per 1,000 ft (305 m) of elevation increase above 2,000 ft (914 m). Temperature limiting devices, such as mixing valves, must be installed when required by codes and to ensure safe temperatures at fixtures.

Output Temperature vs. GPM (Max. 10.0 GPM) with Various Inlet Water temperature



When the set temperature is 130 °F (55 °C) or higher, maximum flow rate is limited to 8.0 GPM (30.3 l/m).

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